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With which is incorporated the
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[a30-3]

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[a1351]

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[733-5]



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Hongkong, 12th April, 1911. [a591]

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WM. SCHMIDT & Co. Hongkong, 26th October, 1906. [a608]	Developing and Printing Undertaken. Hongkong, 31st July, 1907. [a609]

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Hongkong, 1st September, 1910. [a43]

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Hongkong, 27th May, 1911. [a577]

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HONGKONG OFFICE: 151, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 27TH, 1911.

The language tests which the British Board of Trade instituted a year or two ago, with a view to checking the growing tendency to employ aliens on ships of the British mercantile marine have done little or nothing apparently to reduce the number of Chinese employed on ships cruising in British waters. Mr. Buxton, replying to a question in Parliament last month, mentioned that during the period from April 1st 1910 to March 31st of the present year 184 British ships having Chinese on board as members of the crew arrived in the Mersey. The total number of Chinese seamen on board these 184 ships was 4,683. Mr. Buxton added that the number who deserted at Liverpool was 212, and the number paid off at that port was 548. It will be noticed that the statistics are for only one port. Complete statistics for the whole of the ports of the United Kingdom presumably would show the number of Chinese seamen employed on British vessels plying between Home ports and the East to be surprisingly large. The number of aliens of all nationalities employed on British ships appears to be about 40,000 all told. Reverting for the moment to the Chinese at Liverpool, we observe that Mr. Winston Churchill mentioned recently in Parliament that during the year covered by the figures above quoted, the number of Chinese seamen engaged for outward voyages at Liverpool was much larger than the number who were paid off or deserted there. Liverpool has now for many years had a reputation among British ports as possessing a "China town," and much has been

made in the papers from time to time of the activities of the resident Chinese, chiefly concerned with laundry work, but we see it is officially estimated that the number of Chinese resident in Liverpool is only 286 men and three women, and that the number resident in Birkenhead is estimated at 68. These, no doubt, are ex-seamen now engaged in earning a livelihood ashore. Apparently, the questions asked in Parliament were inspired by the Union of British Seamen and Firemen, and their activities at the same time elicited from the owners of the Glen line an expression of opinion on Chinese *vis-a-vis* British seamen that has caused much heart-burning among the members of this Union. Messrs. GLEN & Co., who are large employers of Chinese labour on their vessels, declared that their experience had shown the Chinese seamen to be more sober and reliable than the white men available for service on ships, and disavowed the suggestion that they were influenced in employing Chinese seamen by considerations of economy, adding that the firm would pay considerably higher wages to Chinese than to British seamen. We do not suppose that this statement was intended to be universal in application, for no British shipping firm is likely to dispute that there are no better seamen than the British, provided the right type of British seaman can be obtained. That is the crux of the whole matter. The trouble appears to be the scarcity of the best type, and the problem of how to increase their number is only to be solved by training. A sailor who has aired his views on the question in a London paper replied to a suggestion of this nature by asking who trained the bad type, and what had become of the tons of thousands of British boys who had been trained in the mercantile training establishments in the present generation. "Have all these boys left the Merchant Service as a result of its mismanagement?" he asks. Very likely a considerable number of them have left the service, but many reasons may be suggested in explanation besides that of "mismanagement" by shipping owners. Doubtless there are ships on which the sailor is not too well treated, but the Merchant Shipping Acts lay down a minimum standard of comfort and the sailor is afforded every facility for making known to the authorities any infractions of the law by masters or owners of ships. But while, in the past twenty years or so, the lot of the seaman has been greatly improved by legislation, the lot of the working class ashore has been improved even more. Trades Unions have secured better wages or pay, while the other attractions of life ashore—the growing love of amusements and of sports—all, doubtless, tend to impress upon the sailor the monotony of his existence. Yet, can the statement be substantiated that there is a growing reluctance to follow the sea-faring life among competent and trustworthy men who have been trained for that service in the mercantile training schools of the country? We doubt it, in spite of the plausible grounds for that assertion which we have already set forth. We must not forget that British ships have been growing both in size and number, and this development has probably more than kept pace with the output of "competent and trustworthy men" from the training establishments. Though we can find no statistics on the subject we are inclined to believe that the total number of British seamen employed on British ships is as large as ever it was, but any measures which can be taken to encourage the "all British" movement on British ships commands itself to the nation as essential to national welfare and security when we have regard to the part the mercantile marine may be called upon to play in an Imperial defence scheme in time of war.

A number of appeals are down for hearing at the Supreme Court during the next two weeks.

The warships here were dressed yesterday in recognition of the anniversary of the birthday of Queen Mary.

Four more cases of plague (Chinese) were reported yesterday, two of which proved fatal. The total number of cases now stands at 56.

The master of a fishing junk at Shaikwan has reported to the police that at 3 a.m. on Thursday his mother, who was 81 years of age, fell overboard and was drowned.

Yesterday H.M.S. *Tamar* went into dock for necessary overhauling. Her absence makes a big difference in the appearance of the harbour.

The Bishop of Victoria's engagements for to-morrow (Sunday) are: Morning, conduct Military Parade Service at Stonecutters' Island, Evening, visit the Government Civil Hospital.

The case of *Lloyds Weekly News v. G. N. Olson* was mentioned before Mr. Justice Gompertz at the Supreme Court yesterday. The claim was for \$77.34, and it was decided to take the case in Chambers.

A Chinese who broke and entered No. 25, Morrison Hill Road, on Thursday night, was charged before Mr. Haselung at the Magistracy yesterday. After hearing the evidence his Worship sentenced the defendant to six weeks' imprisonment and six hours' stocks.

Mr. Henry Dallas' Follies gave their final performance in the Theatre Royal last night. There was a good attendance to bid farewell to this talented combination, whose concluding performance was thoroughly in keeping with the successful series which has won the Follies golden opinions locally.

A Chinese man and woman were charged before Mr. Wood at the Magistracy yesterday with detaining a child stolen from the Shan 'Tak district in China. After hearing the evidence his Worship discharged the man, and sentenced the woman to nine months' imprisonment with hard labour.

At the Magistracy yesterday Mr. Wood sentenced a Chinese to six months' imprisonment and four hours' stocks for returning from banishment. Defendant was caught in the act of stealing a silk jacket from 49, Queen's Road East. He entered the house accompanied by a boy who carried two buckets of mortar, under the pretence of effecting repairs. The youth escaped.

A Requiem Mass was said at the R. C. Cathedral yesterday morning for the repose of the soul of the late Mr. F. J. de R. Rowley. A catafalque was erected in the centre of the Church beneath the Zimborium, surrounded by lighted candles, and at the foot facing the entrance a beautiful wreath of white flowers was placed. The Rev. Fr. Bianchi officiated, and after the Mass the Calabrese was led in procession to the catafalque, where prayers were recited and the last blessing administered. Among those present in the Cathedral were Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Blanch and the deceased's colleagues from the office of Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son, and other friends.

QUEEN MOTHER OF SIAM COMING TO HONGKONG.

DUE TO ARRIVE TO-DAY.

We are officially informed that Her Majesty the Queen Mother of Siam, accompanied by two young Princes and suit, are due to arrive at Hongkong by the royal yacht *Maha Chakri* to-day.

The young Princes will leave for Europe by the s.s. *Korea* on Sunday at noon, travelling via the Siberian route.

After the departure of their Royal Highnesses the Queen Mother will proceed to "The Grove," where Her Majesty will take up her residence during her stay in Hongkong.

Mr. Luang Santhorn, an official of the Foreign Office in Siam, who is in Hongkong, has been in receipt of several telegrams and a letter from H.R.H. Prince Davaongse, Minister for Foreign Affairs, in connection with the illness of Sir Horamsey Mody (the Acting Consul), he will pay a personal visit on his arrival at Hongkong.

LOCAL SPORT.

BOXING.

MOLLAINE-KENNY FIGHT OFF.

Followers of boxing will learn with regret that the fight between Roy Kenny and S. R. Mollaine, of Zamboanga, which was to have taken place in Hongkong next month, has been abandoned owing to the exorbitant demands of Mollaine. Judging by the wires which have passed between the men, Mollaine is afraid to try conclusions with Kenny, otherwise he would not play the shuffling game he did. Before Kenny left the Philippines the men agreed that the fight should be fought in Hongkong, and that he should receive 50 per cent. of the gross takings. Since then he has been gradually increasing his price, and now asks the impossible sum of \$3,000, win, lose or draw. The sporting public, however, are not to be disappointed, for another heavyweight who has won some fame in the Philippines has stepped into the breach. Since his last defeat by Kenny, when he was not up to his usual form, Carlson has been keen on a return match, and is willing that it should take place in the Colony. Kenny is also agreeable, and arrangements are now being made. Carlson's fighting weight is 185lbs., while Kenny fights at about 160lbs. In their last meeting the big man's seconds threw up the sponge after the fight had gone five rounds.

CRICKET.

DEPARTURE OF THE INTERPORT TEAM.

At daylight yesterday morning the team which Hongkong expects to uphold the Colony's honour in the interport contest with Shanghai left for the North by the P. and O. steamer *Delhi*. Owing to the early hour of departure, the men went aboard on the previous night. A few of those selected were unable to get away, but capable players have been chosen in their stead, and the team as it now stands should give a good account of itself in the North. It is somewhat weak in batsmen, but is a strong bowling eleven. The following are Hongkong's representatives:

Mr. A. C. E. Elborough
Mr. C. R. P. Thorp, K.O.Y.L.I.
Mr. G. A. Cooke, R.N.
Mr. A. A. Claxton
Corpl. Dempsey, K.O.Y.L.I.
Corpl. E. W. Taverner, R.E.
Lt. N. J. Williams, A.S.C.
Mr. F. Sinton
Mr. W. Waterhouse
Rev. S. W. Payne
Mr. F. J. de Rome
Lt. Col. C. C. Wrigley, A.O.D.

TELEGRAMS.

[Protected by the Telegraph Message
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[REUTERS' SERVICE TO THE "HONGKONG
DAILY PRESS."]

THE BIGGEST BATTLESHIP.

LONDON, May 26th.

The "Wyoming," the biggest battleship in the world, has been launched at Philadelphia. Her displacement is 26,000 tons, length 362 feet, and she carries 12 twelve-inch guns.

TURKEY AND RUSSIA.

LONDON, May 26th.

In Official circles at Constantinople considerable annoyance is expressed regarding the Russian troops on the Montenegrin frontier.

The Chief of the Press Bureau of the Russian Foreign Office states that the communique issued a few days ago was not the text of a written note but merely embodied the views expressed in a friendly verbal representation made by the Ambassador, and must not be construed as threatening.

RESIGNATION OF MEXICO'S PRESIDENT.

LONDON, May 26th.

A telegram from Mexico City states that President Diaz has resigned. Sr. De la Barra has become Provisional President.

THE SITUATION IN PORTUGAL.

LONDON, May 26th.

The "Daily News" publishes a telegram from the Portuguese Foreign Minister declaring that the rumours of an impending counter revolution are unfounded, and are merely the death rattle of the enemies of the

THE POPULATION OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 26th.

The provisional figures of the census of England and Wales give a population of 36,075,269, compared with 32,527,843 in 1901. The population of Greater London is 7,252,968.

[The population of England and Wales shows an increase, roughly, in the past decade of about three and a half millions, which is perhaps not very satisfactory when it is noted that the population increased from 29,000,000 roughly in 1891 to 32½ million in 1901, which represented an increase of three and a half millions. The rate of increase thus shows a falling off compared with the previous census. The population of Greater London, 7,252,968, shows a substantial increase compared with the 6,591,372 within the Metropolitan and City Police districts in 1901.]

THE IMPERIAL CONFERENCE.

LONDON, May 26th.

The King has addressed a message to the Imperial Conference thanking the delegates for the assurances of devoted loyalty.

OIL FUEL FOR THE BRITISH NAVY.

LONDON, May 26th.

The Admiralty has contracted with Scottish Oil Companies for ten million gallons of oil fuel annually. This is double the amount which was originally negotiated.

CORONATION CELEBRATION FUND.

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS.

Drs. Stedman, Harston & Marriott	£150
Drs. Jordan, Foxrith, Grose & Aubrey	100
C. L. Gorman, Esq.	100
Funerating and Distilling Bureau	100
A. Findlay Smith, Esq.	50
Spanish Dominican Fathers	50
H. H. Gompertz, Esq.	25
C. E. Warren & Co.	25
J. J. Leiria, Esq.	10
Wm. Pringle, Jr., Esq.	10
Dr. Bellios	5
B. Brotherton Harker, Esq.	5

CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, May 25th.

EMPIRE DAY.

Yesterday was observed as a general holiday by the whole of the Foreign Community on Shamoon. There were no public functions.

PRAYING FOR FINE WEATHER.

The weather here has been very bad the last few weeks and day after day there have been heavy showers. At about 2 a.m. on Wednesday morning there was an exceptionally heavy downpour accompanied by thunder and lightning. The effect of all this rain on the growing rice is most disastrous and it is feared that the first crop is already spoiled. Yesterday the Kwong Chow Prefect went in state to one of the temples and there offered sacrifices and publicly prayed for fine weather. If indeed the rice crop does fail a grave situation will in all probability be created here, for the poor people are already grumbling at the high price of the grain. The Government is doing all it can to obtain cheap rice, but with a Treasury not overburdened with funds and the huge number of people requiring assistance the task of providing relief is a most difficult one.

MORE GUARD BOATS.

The Shu On District has been greatly troubled with pirates and robbers lately, and the inhabitants have sent a request to Admiral Li for protection. After a conference with the Viceroy it was decided to build twenty new guard boats and station them at various parts of the rivers flowing through this district. The Treasurer has been told to issue tenders for the work, so that it may be taken in hand at once. I was told by a European, who returned from the North River Districts last night, that these places are in very unsettled state. The arm of the law appears to be quite powerless, and gambling is going on publicly in many of the villages and market towns.

Pirates are causing terror up and down the river, and this gentleman told me of one instance in which about fifty men boarded a junk at one place as passengers. As soon as the vessel had got under weigh, these fellows opened the luggage and therefrom produced revolvers, by means of which they obtained possession of the junk and looted her and all on board. An official protected by three guards was on this boat, but the pirates treated him the same as the others, and took away the rifles of the guards. News of a more or less similar character comes from all the country districts, and it is evident that the recent rising has been the cause of a greatly increased amount of crime.

REVOLUTIONARY PROPAGANDA AT PANSAN.

Revolutionary orators, mostly quondam men, are again to the fore. The people are evidently in sympathy with them, for while making their speeches the populace surround them and drive away any police that try to arrest them. Yesterday such a meeting was being held, and a young man wearing a kind of uniform riding a horse came by. The crowd took him for a military officer and dragged him from his horse and severely beat him. He could explain that he was not a member of the force. These proceedings have been reported to the Viceroy, who has given the local officials instructions as to how to deal with these agitators.

MORE SECRET SOCIETIES.

In the north of the province lie the Ying Tak and Ching Yuen districts. Both are very rocky and mountainous, and brigands abound. Lately a returned emigrant named Kong Hung, who is reported to be wealthy, has formed a new secret society which he has somewhat ironically (considering it exists for plunder) named "Zi Ping" (general peace). The society levies blackmail on all the landed proprietors and sends out the most blood-curdling letters to those who refuse to join. Hundreds have been terrorized into joining this brotherhood, and the members thereof meet at appointed times for drill and rifle practice, and, by the way, they are said to be armed with the most modern weapons. The officers of the district are quite powerless to stop the movement, which appears to be gaining ground daily.

EDUCATIONAL.

The Acting Educational Commissioner of Education is soon to give over the reins of office to his successor. He has done excellent work in this office, and if he only could be retained in the post there is no doubt that public education would greatly benefit. The Commissioner has just sent in a memorial to the effect that in the various Government Schools and Colleges there are many posts to which no work is attached, but mere sinecures given to poor relations of officials. He has recommended that, as the Treasury is in such a poor state, his successor should look into this matter without delay. The Viceroy is also much annoyed at the bad attendance at the Government schools, where, it is said, the number of students present is no greater than it was when the rising took place. The bad attendance is not only on the part of the pupils, but the teachers also.

THE RAINFALL IN HONGKONG.

The protracted spell of wet weather since the beginning of the month, though not perhaps exceptional, is at any rate unusual. Rain has fallen practically every day during May, and as the downpours have on occasions been torrential there is a general belief that the rainfall must be approaching the maximum, but such is not the case, as was elicited by inquiries addressed to the Observatory. The total rainfall this month up to 10 a.m. yesterday was 18.14 inches, which is largely in excess of the 1.955 in the same month last year, and of the 5.935 in April last. In the averages for the past 25 years the maximum rainfall in the month of May has been 48.24, the mean 12.29, and the minimum 1.15.

MACAO NOTES.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Macao, May 25th.

THE POSTAL SENSATION.

Three months have passed since the sensational discovery of the embezzlement of Post Office funds, but so far as the public are concerned nothing is known as to what is taking place. The two officials alleged to be concerned are still in custody.

UNFAIR DISTINCTIONS.

The police are engaged visiting Chinese clubs and inns with a view to the suppression of gambling, but it is remarkable that clubs belonging to certain sections of the community are not harassed in any way. Why should there be such distinctions? All should be treated alike.

PETITION TO LISBON.

It is reported that signatures are being canvassed for a petition to be sent to Lisbon praying that Senor Machado be appointed to the substantive post of Governor of the Colony. The Chinese, it is added, are being asked for money to send a cable to this effect.

"THE FOLLIES."

Four hundred seats are booked for "The Follies" entertainment here to-night.

LABOUR IMPROVEMENTS.

The latest news current in the colony is that the Acting Governor to-day received a telegram stating that the Lisbon Government has granted the sum of \$162,000 for the harbour improvements at Macao. We have heard similar news so often that this latest announcement excites but little enthusiasm. Only two years ago 89 *Contos* (equivalent to about \$180,000) were granted. What has become of this large sum of money I am unable to say.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR ON AN INSPECTION TOUR.

His Excellency, accompanied by the Hon. the Colonial Secretary and the Hon. the Director of Public Works, inspected the new Government Offices on Thursday afternoon and then proceeded to the new Law Courts, where they were joined by the Hon. Mr. Pollock.

His Excellency, with the Hon. the Director of Public Works, later made a series of inspections in the eastern portion of the City, including the Seamen's Institute (where the Rev. C. E. Thompson showed them over the building), the Public Works Department Stores Yard, No. 2 Police Station, &c., &c.

INDIA AND THE BIBLE.

Sir George Birdwood, K.C.I.E., wrote last month to *The Times*:

Sir Narayan Chundavarkar, B.A., LL.B., a Judge of the High Court of Bombay, and Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, has a signed article in *The Times* of Friday the 1st inst., written in celebration of the 25th anniversary of the publication of the Authorized Version of the English Bible. The coincidence between the two events is accidental, but it is suggestive and providential. The Coronation is yet to come. The Tercentenary has come and is going. For England it has a deep meaning. Has it any for India—for us Indians? Let us see.

"During the last week his Majesty the King-Emperor did two kindly acts, one in quick succession after the other. He signed the Proclamation of the forthcoming Coronation Durbar at Delhi; and he replied in a tone of religious and Royal earnestness to an address presented to him by deputations of Christian bodies, headed by the Archbishop of Canterbury, with reference to the Tercentenary of the publication of the Authorized Version of the English Bible. The coincidence between the two events is accidental, but it is suggestive and providential. The Coronation is yet to come. The Tercentenary has come and is going. For England it has a deep meaning. Has it any for India—for us Indians? Let us see."

"A grand book is this—the Authorized Version of the English Bible. It has made souls. No wonder Gladstone said of it:—'Always in straits the Bible in Church supplies my needs.' May it equally supply ours! At the same time let us not forget another translation of the Bible—the translation made by an English lady, mother of a pious son. Asked which of the different published translations of the Bible—Jerome's Vulgate, Luther's German Bible, the Authorized Version, and the Revised Version—this son preferred, he replied:—'I prefer my mother's translation.' 'What is that?' The boy answered:—'My mother has translated the Bible and translated it straight, too. Her everyday life is a translation of God's Word.'"

The pregnancy of these words, coming from a man of Sir N. Chundavarkar's intellectual prominence, high culture, and sound orthodoxy as a Hindu of the Hindus, needs no emphasis from me.

I could from my own experience cite the instances of distinguished Indians, Hindus, Muslims, and Parsis the force of whose character, and influence over their countrymen, and English people has been due to their practice of regularly reading the Bible (the Prophets, the Psalms of David, and the Evangelists) as a part of their daily private worship. Also I take exception to the antithesis of the expression in a paragraph of Sir Narayan Chundavarkar I have omitted from my quotations:—"Christian England and non-Christian India." India is Christian—less Christian in forms and dogmas, but not less Christian in spirit; and, indeed, in spirit sometimes more Christian than England. No true-born Englishman or English woman, has ever in truth and verity accepted the teaching of "The Sermon on the Mount." It is pure Hinduism, sterilized Aryanism; and for us, deceive ourselves as we may, it is absolutely unthinkable. The bedrock fact in this consideration is that the line of Prudentius (Hymnus Matutinus, 65),

"TU REGI ESSEMIUS"
has a fuller and more fruitful significance for India and Asia generally than for England and Europe, and the Christianized Americas; and, year following year, this will, in the patience of God, come to be more and more clearly understood alike in India and in England, and to the infinite blessing, heavenly and earthly, of both.

BALANCE SHEETS AND LOST CAPITAL.

The following interesting correspondence has appeared in the N. C. Daily News:

Sir,—The question as to whether a limited liability company, which has incurred losses in the carrying on of its business, should be compelled to apply to have its capital reduced, has no doubt, been discussed on many previous occasions; and to the legal mind such a course involving, as it does, a fundamental change in the Companies Acts—might be considered quite impracticable.

I venture to think, however, that could this change be carried into effect, the submission of Balance Sheets and Reports to meetings of shareholders and the financial position of Companies generally would be much better understood by the investing public than they are at present.

The form of Balance Sheet prescribed in the Schedule to the Companies Act, shows—“Profit and Loss.” The disposable balance for the payment of dividends, etc., it says nothing about the undistributable loss; and it is not intelligible to many people to see a deficit in the shape of loss on Working Account, which may be growing worse year by year, grouped amongst the Assets on a Balance Sheet. Such treatment, to my mind, is wrong in principle and unsound in practice. The losses should be deducted from the paid-up capital on the other side of the Balance Sheet.

As everybody knows, if A and B, who are carrying on business in partnership and sharing profits and losses equally, sustain a loss on their year's working, such loss is written off their capital. It is a loss of capital and their Capital Accounts are thereby reduced to that extent. Why should the same thing not apply to a company? A and B hold a large number of ten shilling shares (fully paid) in the X. Y. Co. It is found that the accounts are made up for the financial year that the loss of 20 per cent. of the capital, or £10,000, has been incurred. If the capital of the company were reduced to this extent A and B and their fellow shareholders start the next year with a “clean bill of health.” The company, we will say, the next year does well and is able to pay a dividend on that year's working. The shareholders will get their dividend, and they will not be confronted with a big balance brought forward from the previous year to the debit of Working Account, which under existing conditions takes years to wipe out.

I do not suggest that if a small loss is sustained by a company that its capital should be immediately reduced, but I do maintain that—

(1) Every Balance Sheet should show its losses deducted from the paid-up capital.

(2) A company should be compelled to reduce its capital, if, say, at least 20 per cent. of such capital has been lost.

As mentioned above, the framers of laws may find it difficult to make alterations to those clauses in the Companies Acts dealing with the reduction of Capital. Could not this be carried into effect automatically? That is to say—if it is proved to the satisfaction of this, the annual meeting of the X. Y. Company, that the company has sustained losses exceeding 20 per cent. of its paid-up capital, then in accordance with section 50 and so of the Companies Acts, 1900, the capital of the company be reduced to so and so, etc., etc.

The present cumbersome method of lengthy notices of meeting and special resolutions would thus be obviated. I am, etc.,

MONTMIR REID.

Sir,—In case any of your readers in this “many-compared” Settlement may feel inclined to take Mr. Reid's remarks on the above subject seriously, the “other side of the question” may be of some interest.

We all know that in a private partnership losses are deducted from Capital Account, and we have also seen how in a Balance Sheet of a Limited Company, Capital Account is kept intact while losses are carried forward to be made good by subsequent profits before a dividend can be distributed. The reason for this is not far to seek.

When an individual trader (or a partnership) obtains credit, it is clearly understood that the liability is unlimited; that is to say, if the partnership assets are not sufficient to pay the creditors, the individual partners may be sued as such and their private property distrained on. It is therefore, clearly only the business of the persons concerned how much profit is to be distributed and how far capital is to remain intact so long as their business interests are satisfied to give them credit. Mr. Reid asks “Why should the same thing not apply to a company?” Obviously because he is referring to a Limited Company, that is to say, where the liability is limited, so that the individuals who subscribed the capital cannot be called upon to pay one penny more after the nominal value of this share has been paid to the Company.

Now reduction of capital applied in this sense is nothing more than the setting off of losses against capital, so that subsequent profits may be distributed without first making good those previous losses. And the money so distributed in dividend leaves as much less security for the creditor who agreed to give credit on the strength of the original capital.

This, then, is the reason why the Companies Act provides “the present cumbersome method of lengthy notices of meetings and special resolutions,” which your correspondent wishes to obviate and without which the creditor could be openly robbed of his security. Sections 46 to 50 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1900, practically settle the whole matter, and they have come to stay.

There are still a few flaws in our extremely sound Company Law, but it certainly leaves no room for the gimcrack finance advocated by your correspondent.—I am, etc.,

RECTE NUMERABE.

Shanghai, May 19.

“FANCY” RISKS AT LLOYD'S.

Those underwriting members of Lloyd's who make a business of “fancy” risks, a recent London paper says, have for some time been turning their attention to insurances covering the next Budget as well as the Coronation.

The last rate quoted to pay a loss in the event of the duty on sugar being abolished was 20 guineas per cent., while several policies to cover a reduction in the tea duty have been taken out at 25 guineas per cent., the equivalent premium for coffee and cocoa being 35 guineas per cent. Some large insurances have been effected by traders whose interests are bound up with the Coronation, and 10 per cent. has been paid to cover a claim should the ceremony not take place before the end of the year. In one or two cases policies have been taken out on the lives of the King and Queen until the end of the year at the rate of 4 guineas per cent., while a “Royal Family” risk has been accepted insuring the lives of the King and Queen and their children for the same period, the premium in this instance being 10 guineas per cent.

THE NEW SHIPPING CONVENTIONS.

The British Government laid before Parliament last month the Conventions and the Unification of certain rules of law respecting (1) Collision, and (2) Assistance and Salvage at Sea signed at Brussels last year by the representatives of 26 Powers. The Conventions, which are printed in French and English, read as follows:—

Convention for the Unification of certain rules of law with respect to Collisions.

Article 1. Where a collision occurs between seagoing vessels or between seagoing vessels and vessels of inland navigation, the compensation due for damages caused to the vessels, or to any things or persons on board thereof, shall be settled in accordance with the following provisions, in whatever waters the collision takes place.

Article 2. If the collision is accidental, if it is caused by force majeure, or if the cause of the collision is left in doubt, the damages are borne by those who have suffered them. This provision is applicable notwithstanding the fact that the vessels, or any one of them, may be at anchor (or otherwise made fast) at the time of the casualty.

Article 3. If the collision is caused by the fault of one of the vessels, liability to make good the damages attaches to the one which has committed the fault.

Article 4. If two or more vessels are in fault, the liability of each vessel is in proportion to the degree of the fault respectively committed. Provided that, if, having regard to the circumstances, it is not possible to establish the degree of the respective faults, or if it appears that the faults are equal, the liability is apportioned equally.

The damages caused, either to the vessels or to their cargoes or to the effects or other property of the crews, passengers, or other persons on board, are borne by the vessels in fault in the above proportions, and even to third parties, a vessel is not liable for more than such proportion of such damages.

In respect of damages caused by death or personal injuries, the vessels in fault are jointly as well as severally liable to third parties, without prejudice, however, to the right of the vessel which has paid a larger part than that which, in accordance with the provisions of the first paragraph of this article, she ought ultimately to bear, to obtain a contribution from the other vessel or vessels in fault.

It is left to the law of each country to determine, as regards such right to obtain contribution, the meaning and effect of any contract or provision of law which limits the liability of the owners of a vessel towards persons on board.

Article 5. The liability imposed by the preceding articles attaches in cases where the collision is caused by the fault of a pilot, even when the pilot is carried by compulsion of law.

Article 6. The right of action for the recovery of damages resulting from a collision is not conditional upon the entering of a protest or the fulfilment of any other special formality.

All legal presumptions of fault in regard to liability for collision are abolished.

Article 7.—Actions for the recovery of damages are barred after an interval of two years from the date of the casualty.

The period within which an action must be instituted for enforcing the right to obtain contribution permitted by paragraph 3 of article 4 is one year from the date of payment.

The grounds upon which the said periods of limitation may be suspended or interrupted are determined by the law of the court where the case is tried.

The high contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to provide, by legislation in their respective countries, that the said periods shall be extended in cases where it has been possible to arrest the defendant vessel in the territorial waters of the State in which the plaintiff has his domicile or principal place of business.

Article 8. After a collision, the master of each of the vessels in collision is bound, so far as he can do so without serious danger to his vessel, her crew and her passengers, to render assistance to the other vessel, her crew and her passengers.

He is likewise bound so far as possible to make known to the other vessel the name of his vessel and the port to which she belongs, and also the names of the ports from which she comes and to which she is bound.

A breach of the above provisions does not of itself impose any liability on the owner of a vessel.

Article 9. The high contracting parties whose legislation does not forbid infringement of the preceding articles bind themselves to take or to propose to their respective Legislatures the measures necessary for the prevention of such infringement.

The high contracting parties will communicate to one another, as soon as possible, the laws or regulations which have already been or may be hereafter promulgated in their States for giving effect to the above undertaking.

Article 10. Without prejudice to any conventions which may hereafter be made, the provisions of this convention do not affect in any way the law in force in each country with regard to the limitation of shipowners' liability, nor do they affect the legal obligations arising from contracts of carriage or from any other contracts.

Article 11. This convention does not apply to ships of war or to Government ships appropriated exclusively to a public service.

Article 12. The provision of this convention shall be applied as regards all persons interested when all the vessels concerned in any action belong to States of the high contracting parties, and in any other cases for which the national laws provide.

Provided always that—

1. As regards persons interested who belong to a non-contracting State, the application of the above provisions may be made by each of the contracting States conditional upon reciprocity.

2. Where all the persons interested belong to the same State as the court trying the case, the provisions of the national law and not of the convention are applicable.

Article 13. This convention extends to the making good of damages which a vessel has caused to another vessel, or to goods or persons on board either vessel, either by the execution or non-execution of a manoeuvre or by the non-observance of the regulations, even if no collision had actually taken place.

Article 14. Any one of the high contracting parties shall have the right, three years after this convention comes into force, to call for a fresh conference with a view to possible amendments, and particularly with a view to extending, if possible, the sphere of its application.

Any Power exercising this right must notify its intention to the other Powers, through the Belgian Government, which will make arrangements for convening the conference within six months.

States which have not signed this convention are allowed to adhere to it on request. Such adhesion shall be notified through the diplomatic channel to the Belgian Government, and by the latter to each of the other Governments; it shall become effective one month after the sending of the notification by the Belgian Government.

Article 16. The convention shall be ratified. After an interval of at most one year from the day when the Convention is signed, the Belgian Government shall place itself in communication with the Governments of the high contracting parties which have declared themselves prepared to ratify the Convention, with a view to deciding whether it should be put into force.

The ratifications shall, if so decided, be deposited forthwith at Brussels, and the Convention shall come into force a month afterwards. The protocol shall remain open another year in favour of the States represented at the Brussels Conference. After this interval they can only adhere to it on conforming with the provisions of article 15.

Article 17. In the case of one or other of the high contracting parties denouncing this convention, such denunciation shall not take effect until a year after the day on which it has been notified to the Belgian Government, and the convention shall remain in force as between the other contracting parties.

Article 18. This Convention shall be ratified. After an interval of at most one year from the day when the convention is signed, the Belgian Government shall place itself in communication with the Governments of the high contracting parties which have declared themselves prepared to ratify the convention, with a view to deciding whether it should be put into force.

The ratifications shall, if so decided, be deposited forthwith at Brussels, and the convention shall come into force a month afterwards.

The protocol shall remain open another year in favour of the States represented at the Brussels Conference. After this interval they can only adhere to it on conforming with the provisions of article 17.

Article 19. In the case of one or other of the high contracting parties denouncing this convention, such denunciation shall not take effect until a year after the day on which it has been notified to the Belgian Government, and the convention shall remain in force as between the other contracting parties.

In witness whereof, the plenipotentiaries of the respective high contracting parties have signed this convention and have affixed their seals thereto.

Drawn up at Brussels, in one copy, 23rd September, 1910.

Convention for the Unification of certain Rules of Law respecting Assistance and Salvage at Sea.

Article 1. Assistance and salvage of seagoing vessels in danger, of any things on board, of freight and passage money, and also services of the same nature rendered by seagoing vessels to vessels of inland navigation or *vis a vis*, are, subject to the following provisions, without any distinction being drawn between these two kinds of services (viz., assistance and salvage), and in whatever waters the services have been rendered.

Article 2. Every act of assistance or salvage which has a useful result gives a right to equitable remuneration.

No remuneration is due if the services rendered have no beneficial result.

In no case shall the sum to be paid exceed the value of the property saved.

Article 3. Persons who have taken part in salvage operations notwithstanding the express and reasonable prohibition on the part of the vessel to which the services were rendered have no right to any remuneration.

Article 4. A tug has no right to remuneration for assistance to or salvage of the vessel she is towing or of the vessel's cargo, except where she has rendered exceptional services which cannot be considered as rendered in fulfilment of the contract of towage.

Article 5. Remuneration is due notwithstanding that the salvage services have been rendered by or to vessels belonging to the same owner.

Article 6. The amount of remuneration is fixed by agreement between the parties and, failing agreement, by the court.

The proportion in which the remuneration is to be distributed amongst the salvors is fixed in the same manner.

The apportionment of the remuneration amongst the owner, master and other persons in the service of each salvaging vessel shall be determined by the law of the vessel's flag.

Article 7. Every agreement as to assistance or salvage entered into at the moment and under the influence of danger may, at the request of either party, be annulled or modified by the court if it appears that the conditions agreed upon are not equitable.

In all cases when it is proved that the consent of one of the parties is vitiated by fraud or concealment or when the remuneration is, in proportion to the services rendered, an excessive degree too large or too small, the agreement may be annulled or modified by the court at the request of the party affected.

Article 8. The remuneration to be fixed by the court according to the circumstances of each case on the basis of the following considerations: (a) Firstly, the measure of success obtained, the efforts and deserts of the salvors, the danger run by the salvaged vessel, by her passengers, crew and cargo, by the salvors, and by the salvaging vessel; the time expended, the expenses incurred and losses suffered, and the risks of liability and other risks run by the salvors, and also the value of the property exposed to the risks, and, lastly, the special application of the principle of equity.

Article 9. No remuneration is due from persons whose lives are saved, but nothing in this article shall affect the provisions of the national laws on this subject.

Salvors of human life, who have taken part in the services rendered on the occasion of the accident giving rise to salvage, are entitled to a fair share of the remuneration awarded to the salvors of the vessel, her cargo, and accessories.

Article 10. A salvage action is barred after an interval of two years from the day on which the operations of assistance or salvage terminate. The grounds upon which the said period of limitation may be suspended or interrupted are determined by the law of the court where the case is tried.

The high contracting parties reserve to themselves the right to provide, by legislation in their respective countries, that the said period shall be extended in cases where it has not been possible to arrest the vessel which has caused the damage, or the vessel in which the plaintiff has his domicile or principal place of business.

Article 11. Every master is bound, so far as he can do so without serious danger to his vessel, her crew and her passengers, to render assistance to everybody, even though an enemy, found at sea in danger of being lost.

The owner of a vessel incurs no liability by reason of contravention of the above provision.

Article 12. The high contracting parties whose legislation does not forbid infringement of the preceding article bind themselves to take or to propose to their respective Legislatures the measures necessary for the prevention of such infringement.

The high contracting parties will communicate to one another as soon as possible the laws or regulations which have already been or may be hereafter promulgated in their States for giving effect to the above provision.

Article 13. This convention does not affect the provisions of national laws or international treaties as regards the organization of services of assistance and salvage by or under the

control of public authorities, nor, in particular, does it affect such laws or treaties on the subject of the salvage of fishing gear.

Article 14. This convention does not apply to ships of war or to Government ships appropriated exclusively to a public service.

Article 15.—The provisions of this convention shall be applied as regards all persons interested when all the vessels concerned in any action belong to States of the high contracting parties, and in any other cases for which the national laws provide.

Provided always that—

1. As regards persons interested who belong to a non-contracting State the application of the above provisions may be made by each of the contracting States conditional upon reciprocity.

2. Where all the persons interested belong to the same State as the court trying the case, the provisions of the national law and not of the convention are applicable.

3. Without prejudice to any wider provisions of any national laws, article 11 only applies as between vessels belonging to the States of the high contracting parties.

Article 16. Any one of the high contracting parties shall have the right, three years after this convention comes into force, to call for a fresh conference with a view to possible amendments, and particularly with a view to extending, if possible, the sphere of its application.

Any Power exercising this right must notify its intention to the other Powers, through the Belgian Government, which will make arrangements for convening the conference within six months.

Article 17. States which have not signed this convention are allowed to adhere to it on request. Such adhesion shall be notified through the diplomatic channel to the Belgian Government, and by the latter to each of the other Governments; it shall become effective one month after the sending of the notification by the Belgian Government.

Article 18. This Convention shall be ratified. After an interval of at most one year from the day when the convention is signed, the Belgian Government shall place itself in communication with the Governments of the high contracting parties which have declared themselves prepared to ratify the convention, with a view to deciding whether it should be put into force.

The ratifications shall, if so decided, be deposited forthwith at Brussels, and the convention shall come into force a month afterwards.

The protocol shall remain open another year in favour of the States represented at the Brussels Conference. After this interval they can only adhere to it on conforming with the provisions of article 17.

Article 19. In the case of one or other of the high contracting parties denouncing this convention, such denunciation shall not take effect until a year after the day on which it has been notified to the Belgian Government, and the convention shall remain in force as between the other contracting parties.

In witness whereof, the plenipotentiaries of the respective high contracting parties have signed this convention and have affixed their seals thereto.

Drawn up at Brussels, in one copy, 23rd September, 1910.

COST OF THE CORONATION.

TOTAL OF MILLIONS.

The estimate for the cost of the Coronation set forth by the Treasury is given at £185,000. In the case of the Coronation, the estimate is £185,000. These two amounts compare with £70,000 as the cost of the Coronation of Queen Victoria, £45,000 in the instance of William IV., and £138,238 at the crowning of George IV.

It will be apparent, therefore, says the *Daily Graphic*, that no fixed sum can be taken as a precedent for these occasions, and that the estimate depends upon the state of the country's finances.

When King Edward came to the throne, Mr. Balfour's Government named £100,000—which was in a comparative sense modest—because the country had just emerged from an expensive war. Of the amount now set apart for the Coronation in June, at least £50,000 has been earmarked for the entertainment of foreign envoys.

Who one remembers all that is involved in the Coronation, the variety of interests that have to be considered, the position of the guests that will then be on a visit to these shores, the adequate entertainment that is necessary for the prestige of the British Empire, and the great ceremony that has to be carried out with dignity and ritual fitting the occasion, then the sum mentioned cannot be considered excessive.

In June, for instance, we shall have as Coronation guests a number of Indian visitors, who, when the Sovereign and the Consort arrive in India next year, will dispense a lavish hospitality in honour of the event. To the Eastern eye the Coronation is even to a greater extent than to the more prosaic Englishman, a symbol and suggestion that encourage loyalty and indicate the strength, variety, and vitality of the Empire.

The ceremony in the Abbey, the Naval Review, the second day's procession through the streets of London, and all the other important items in the Coronation programme, possess, therefore, an interest and importance far beyond the purely commercial estimate of cost.

SPIRIT OF HOSPITALITY.

But the charge upon the Imperial Exchequer is only one item in the Coronation balance-sheet. Much more will come from the individual pockets of the King's subjects who are anxious to distinguish the event by a spirit of hospitality and goodwill. This is the feeling that has, for instance, called forth the organisation of the Lord Chesham's party for the entertainment of the Colonial troops who are to take part in the Coronation. In addition, the great social leaders are already vying with each other in the preparations planned for receptions, garden parties, balls, etc. Similar festivities will follow later in the country houses for the entertainment of the great visitors, so that they may be able to entertain the English Society amidst the beauty of rural England.

If one, for instance, estimated the cost of the Coronation, say, to some dull or other hounsin visitor, and treats to tenantry and others, we should find that a considerable income was made into a year's income, even if it were not altogether more than was expended. Multiplied by the number of those in the peerage, we have a total—though of individual varying amount—that will run into hundreds of thousands. Probably we should not prove incorrect if we said that the Coronation expenditure of the peerage will amount to not much less than £1,000,000.

The plans of the peerage will be followed to some extent by the foreign Ambassadors and Ministers resident in London, and attached to the Court of St. James's, who have made arrangements to entertain the distinguished representatives of their own countries. Likewise, we may be sure that Colonial Premiers and

statesmen will have no cause of complaint that they have been overlooked in this respect by the Mother Country.

SHARE OF THE MUNICIPALITIES.

It is early yet to state in detail what the important municipalities will expend in celebrating the Coronation. As an example, however, we may say that the City of London, always foremost in such matters, because of its unique privileges, has voted £25,000 for the purpose. The Corporation will decorate and illuminate the whole of the route over which the King and Queen will pass on the second day, including all the City Hedges. Both the King and Queen are to be present at the Guildhall luncheon, and for the occasion the whole of the Guildhall Yard is to be excavated, while the Royal party will pass between tiers of seats, from which the City's representatives can greet their Majesties.

The Westminster City Council will expend £7,000—two-thirds of which is to provide for a fine scheme of street decoration designed by Sir William Richmond, B.A., and Mr. Frank Brangwyn, and other artists. Finsbury Borough Council has also estimated for a sum of £2,000, Woolwich £1,000, and Paddington for £500, and so on. John Burns has already stated that the precedent of 1902 is to be followed, and in order to obviate financial difficulties and reasonable expenditure in connection with the Coronation will be sanctioned by the Local Government Board.

In the provinces no fixed rule will be adopted by the great municipalities. Some will apportion sums out of the rates varying in amount according to the size of the city or town, whilst others intend to raise a voluntary fund. For instance, Eastbourne has set itself to obtain £1,000 by means of subscription. Whether by rate or voluntary effort, the total to be provided by the municipalities throughout the Kingdom will represent an enormous sum, which must be stated in millions. Compared to this the thousand hordes at £10 each to represent beacon fires will only represent a small item.

This expenditure, estimated upon the small as well as the great, at home and abroad, by the Coronation, which will be so readily borne, represents to some extent the loyalty of the people to the Crown. At the same time it does not mean a commercial loss. The bulk of it will stimulate genuine trades.

HONGKONG SHARE MARKET.

Messrs. Vernon & Smyth in their weekly share report dated May 26th stated:—

Our market has ruled quiet during the past week and prices generally do not show much change. Rubbers have attracted practically no attention during the interval, and the market, which reflects the quietness prevailing at Home, closes without feature. Fine Hard Para Rubber in London has fluctuated between 4/4 and 4/5 1/2 lb., closing quiet at the latter rate. Bar Silver closes at 24 3/4 per oz., and Sterling T. T. at 19/10. The open market rate of discount has advanced to 2 1/2 per cent., but there is again no change in the Bank of England rate, which remains at 5 per cent. Shanghai T. T. closes at 74.

RANKS.—Hongkong and Shanghai continue quiet at \$395 sellers, with probable buyers of small lots at \$390. The London rate has declined 10/-, and now stands at \$27 10s. Nationals have been done at \$80 and close in further request.

MARINE INSURANCES.—Unions have been booked at \$215 and close steady. North China are wanted at Tls. 155, Yangtze at \$190, and China Traders at \$105. Small rates of Canteons are reported at the reduced rate of \$175.

FIRE INSURANCES.—Hongkongers are procurable at \$325. Chinas are firm at \$118 buyers, with small sales at that rate and \$119.

SHIPPING.—Hongkong, Canton and Macao have been booked at \$304, \$303, and \$311, closing with buyers at \$304. Indo-Chinas are quietest and close with sellers at \$29 for present and deferred combined. The London quotation per Renter is unchanged at \$6 10s.—China and Manila after a rapid advance to \$13, sellers they just touched, followed by \$11 sellers, at which they close, buyers offering \$10 1/2. Dogfishes are quiet at \$19, and Star Ferries at \$26 and \$16 for old and new respectively. There are sellers of Shell Transports in London at \$29 1/2.

REFINERIES.—China Sugars are easier at \$94, and the offer of a slightly lower rate would probably lead to business. Luzons are neglected and the quotation of \$20 is purely nominal.

MINING.—Charbonnages and Rubis are unchanged at last week's quotations, but there are buyers of Chinese Engineerings at Tls. 11 1/2.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.—Hongkong and Whampoa Docks have been booked at \$53, at which rate the market closes quiet with probable sellers. Kowloon Wharves have been done at \$48. New Army Dock found buyers at \$73, and more are enquired for. Shanghai Docks come lower from the North at Tls. 60, but there are buyers of Shanghai and Hongkong Wharves at the improved rate of Tls. 87.

LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS.—Hongkong Lands have changed hands at \$95 and \$94, closing with sellers at the latter rate. Kowloon Lands have been booked at \$25 and West Point at \$47. Humphreys' Estate have sold at \$6 10, closing with probable sellers. Hongkong Hotels close firm but unchanged at \$115 and \$75 for old and new respectively. Shanghai Lands are still quoted at Tls. 99 and Manila Metropole Hotels at Pesos 11.

COTTON MILLS.—Hongkong has buyers at \$4 with probable sellers at \$4 1/2. Quotations for the Northern Mills are as follows, viz.:—Ewes Tls. 85, Boy Chee Tls. 29, Internationals Tls. 47, and Lion King, Mow Tls. 57.

WHEAT.—Wheat—Diary Farms are wanted at \$20, Green Island Cements at \$32, Rops at \$164, Union Water Bots at \$64, Watsons at \$63, Powells at \$3.10 and Steam Fisheries at \$74. Fenwick's have so d and have further sellers at \$5, Electric at \$21 and Watkins at \$3.

RUBBERS AND TIN.—The following closing quotations—middle prices—have been received from London by wire from London to-day:—

Highlands and Lowlands ... 67/6
Ladbury ... 10/6
London Anatolians ... 2/9
London Ventures ... 91/5
United Sardangs ... 4/3
Allagars ... 82/6
Bata Tigras ... 30/6
Saponges ... 42/3
Linggis ... 18/-
Anglo-Malays ... 45/-
Straits Bortans ... 28/9
Catalings ... 29/9
Eastern and International Trusts ... 12/6 prem.
Rubber Trusts ... 57/-
Tronoh Tin Mines ... 57/-

A BOOM IN TIN.

The *Times of Malaya* predicts a boom in tin shares owing to the excellent condition of the metal market and the high prices which will be maintained during 1911 and probably longer.

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, etc., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, and special business matter to the MANAGER. Advertisements under this heading will be continued until countermanded. Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash. P.O. Box 33. Telephone No. 12. Telegraphic Address: Pines Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed. Lieber's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN accordance with Ordinance No. 2 of 1875 and Government Notification No. 9 of 13th January, 1911, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the transaction of PUBLIC BUSINESS on SATURDAY, 3rd, and MONDAY, 5th June, 1911. [751]



G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 29th day of May, 1911, at 3 p.m., at the Office of His Public Works Department, by Order of His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND, South of Victoria Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at the CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty THE KING, for one further term of 75 years. [754]

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Registry No.	Locality	Boundaries	Contents	Area	Annual Rent	Upset Price
1	100	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	100	100	100	100
2	101	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	101	101	101	101
3	102	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	102	102	102	102
4	103	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	103	103	103	103
5	104	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	104	104	104	104
6	105	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	105	105	105	105
7	106	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	106	106	106	106
8	107	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	107	107	107	107
9	108	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	108	108	108	108
10	109	South of Victoria Road	Between Victoria Road and Victoria Road	109	109	109	109

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

FOR VANCOUVER DIRECT.

THE Steamship

"KUMERIC."

FROM HONGKONG.

ON TUESDAY, THE 5TH JUNE.

To be followed by the Steamer

LUCERIC ... 30th June.

Bills of Lading issued to Overseas Points in Canada, the United States and to the West Indies.

For further information regarding freight rates, apply to

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO., Hongkong.

Hongkong, 27th May, 1911. [753]

"BARBER" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "SURUGA."

FROM NEW YORK.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 2nd June will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 26th June, or they will not be recognized.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 2nd June, at 3 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, 26th May, 1911. [748]

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS & CHINA OVERLAND TRADE REPORT

is now ready and contains:-

Epitome of the Week's News.

Leading Articles:- Foreign Loans for China's Railways.

Politics in China.

Empire Day.

Sea Power in the Pacific.

Affairs in Portugal.

Random Reflections.

Hongkong News.

Empire Day-Observance in Hongkong.

King's Birthday and Coronation.

Government House.

The New Commanding Royal Engineer.

Supreme Court.

Soldier Convicted of Larceny.

The State of Canton.

Hongkong Sanitary Board.

Hongkong Cricket Club.

Correspondence:-

The Condensed Milk Question.

Another China Loan.

Company Report:-

The "Star" Ferry Co., Ltd.

Coronation Celebrations.

Commercial.

Shipping:-

Extra copies 30 cents each, Cash.

Copies can be posted from this Office to addresses sent; including postage, 34 cents each.

31 Cash for three copies.

Subscription: \$12 per annum, payable in advance; postage 32.

Hongkong, 27th May, 1911.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT

WANTED.

A SECOND-HAND SEA-GOING STEAM-LIGHTER or SMALL COASTING STEAMER, deadweight, c. 140 tons, maximum draught aft 7' 6", comp. surf. cond. Engine, large hold and hatchway, derrick and steam-winch to lift 3 tons, maximum breadth of vessel over all 20 feet. Letters, stating price, port where the vessel could be inspected, Coast Consumption, Class, if any, and all further particulars to:- F. LANDBERG & ZOON, Batavia. [752]

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG GYMKNAMA CLUB.

THE SECOND GYMKNAMA MEETING, postponed from SATURDAY, the 20th instant, will be held TODAY (SATURDAY), the 27th instant, commencing at 3.30 p.m. REGINALD F. C. MASTER, Hon. Secretary and Treasurer. [745]

GEO. FENWICK & CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above-named Company will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, at 12 Noon, on TUESDAY, the 30th day of May, 1911, when the following Special Resolutions will be submitted:-

1. That Geo. Fenwick & Co., Ltd., be wound up voluntarily.
2. That the partners in the Firm of Messrs. PRYCE SMITH, SMITH and FLEMING, of Hongkong, be appointed Liquidators, with power for any one of them to exercise any of the powers of such Liquidators.

The above Resolutions if passed will require confirmation at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JOHN I. ANDREW,
General Manager.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1911. [740]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on FRIDAY, the 2nd day of June, 1911, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts to the 31st December, 1910. The REGISTER of SHAREHOLDERS of the Company will be CLOSED from TUESDAY, the 30th May, to SATURDAY, 3rd June, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 26th May, 1911. [746]

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA, LIMITED, will be held at St. George's Building, Chester Road, Victoria, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the Twenty-fourth day of June, 1911, at 12.30 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing an Extraordinary Resolution, the following Resolutions, that is to say:-

- (1) That the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that ARTHUR RYLANDS LOWE, Chartered Accountant, of Thorner's Chambers, Fenchurch Street, London, E.C., and St. George's Building, Hongkong, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding-up.
- (2) That the Liquidator be authorized to pay out of the funds of the Company a sum not exceeding \$100,000 as compensation to members of the Company's staff.

Should the above Resolutions be passed by the requisite majority, they will be submitted for confirmation as Special Resolutions to a Second Extraordinary General Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated Fifteenth day of March, 1911.

By Order of the Board,
J. SCOTT HARSTON,
Chairman.
[504]

BUTTER.

OUR "DAISY" BUTTER is the Finest Quality Table Butter Imported.

We Stock Three Other Brands at Prices to suit all.

THE

DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.

[36]

NOTHING BETTER FOR THE

SEASON!

JUST RECEIVED-EX-ENGLISH MAIL.

YOU WILL FIND OUR RANGE

INCOMPARABLE

FOR QUALITY, STYLE AND PRICES.

NEW FASHION STYLE BATHING DRESSES AND CAPS.

White Lace Striped Muslins, Printed Dress Vests, White Swiss Embroidered Muslins, Robe Muslins, White Embroidered Striped Dress Muslins, White Fancy Shirting, Moccasin Striped Fancy Vests, "The Elite" Striped Dress Fabrics, &c., &c.

LATEST STYLES LADIES' STOCKINGS:-

Plain Finest Maco Lisle Black, Tan High Spliced and Double Soled.

Plain Finest Side Silk Clog Lisle Black, Tan.

Lace Plain Silk Black Stockings.

Lace

Also Boys and Girls, Best Values.

HOOSAIN-ALI & Co.,

No. 14, Queen's Road Central,

Hongkong, 1st May, 1911. [35]

PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE "STAR" FERRY CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of this Company will be held at the Office of Messrs. DODWELL & CO., LTD., Queen's Buildings, THIS DAY (SATURDAY), 27th inst., at 12.15 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 30th April, 1911. The REGISTER of SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 20th, to SATURDAY, 27th inst., inclusive. W. S. BROWN, Acting Secretary. [743]

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Scrip Certificate with respect to 3 Shares numbered 6562/6654 in the above-named Company standing in the name of MRS. MARIA PEREIRA MARQUES (deceased), of Alagoas, has been LOST, and should the same not be produced before the 2nd June, a new Scrip Certificate will be issued in favour of the said MRS. MARIA PEREIRA MARQUES (deceased), and no transaction taking place under the old Scrip Certificate will be recognized by the Company. JARDINE MATHESON & Co., LTD., General Managers. [731]

HONGKONG, 18th May, 1911.

WANTED

WANTED. AN Experienced LADY TEACHER for Young Lady unacquainted with the English language. State terms, number of lessons given per week, hours, etc. Apply to:-

"118,"
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 22nd May, 1911. [735]

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

A Capable CHINESE with a good working knowledge of English desires employment. Satisfactory references as to character, &c. Apply:-

A. B. C.,
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 17th May, 1911. [715]

FOR SALE

HOTEL FOR SALE.

A T Coast Port, as a going concern. Proprietor retiring. For further particulars apply to "HOTEL,"

Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 5th May, 1911. [671]

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"KENTIS" 76A, PEAK, SEVEN ROOMS; Large Verandah; American heating apparatus installed, making the House dry and comfortable throughout the year; Vegetable and Flower Gardens, Croquet Lawn, 15 minutes' walk from Tram, 7 minutes' from "Rishshaw." One of the best situations at the Peak, Cool in Summer, Warm in Winter.

Apply:-
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 2nd February, 1911. [270]

FOR SALE.

IN SHAMEN, British Concession, Canton, TWO VALUABLE GROUND LOTS, Middle Area, apply to:-

HERBERT DENT & Co.,
Canton.
Canton, 1st March, 1911. [390]

FOR SALE.

REMAINING Portions of MARINE LOT 31 and 34, at PRAYA EAST. Approximate Area, 45,000 Square Feet.

TO BE LET OR SOLD IN LOTS TO SUIT TENANTS OR PURCHASERS.

MARINE LOT No. 285

EXTENSIVE WATER FRONTAGE, DEEP WATER.

Apply:-
G. FENWICK & Co., LTD.,
Engineers, &c.,
PRAYA EAST, HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 8th June, 1906. [111-112]

ON SALE.

HONGKONG HANSARD REPORTS of the MEETINGS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL of the Session 1910.

Revised by the MEMBERS.
PRICE - - - - \$3.
DAILY PRESS OFFICE.
Hongkong, 21st February, 1911.

GRACA & CO.
PREDER ST. (Hongkong Hotel Building),
Dealers in
POSTAGE STAMPS, VIEW POST CARDS, FLOWER SEEDS, CIGARS, BOOKS, &c.

Just Received a Selection of Postage Stamp Catalogues for 1911, Pictures made of used Stamps, Note Papers and Envelopes with Hongkong Views.

Inspection Invited. [544]

TO LET

TO LET.

NO. 4, ORMSBY VILLAS, Kowloon.
Apply to:-
SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUATION.
Hongkong, 22nd April, 1911. [626]

TO LET.

9, MOUNTAIN VIEW (at present occupied by E. R. HALLIFAX, Esq.).
From 1st May, 1911.
10, MOUNTAIN VIEW.
Apply:-
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 4th April, 1911. [491]

TO LET.

TOP FLOOR, No. 6, Ica House Street, suitable for Office and/or Dwelling purpose.
Apply:-
A. B. AVASIA,
No. 1, Duddell Street.
Hongkong, 15th May, 1911. [707]

TO LET.

FIRST FLOOR of No. 4, Des Vaux Road CENTRAL. GODOWNS in Masons Lane good for storage of Wines and other Articles, Rent moderate.
Apply to:-
DAVID SASSOON & Co., LTD.
Hongkong, 10th May, 1911. [627]

TO LET-NEAR CLOCK TOWER.

SEVERAL CONVENIENTLY SITUATED ROOMS, suitable for Offices. Ground and First Floor.
Apply:-
Post Office Box 418.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1911. [687]

TO LET.

GODOWN, No. 4, New Praya, Kennedy Town.
Apply:-
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1911. [116]

TO LET.

FLATS in Nathan Road. FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES newly painted, and colour-washed throughout. Cheap rent. NEW and COMMODIOUS SHOPS, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Immediate Possession. Cheap Rentals. KOWLOON MARINE LOT 48, Yaumati, Area 85,200 square feet with 255 feet Sea Frontage. Especially suited for Storage of Coal, Timber, &c.

Apply:-
HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Hongkong, 14th February, 1911. [543]

TO LET.

GODOWNS, 95 and 96, Praya East.
Apply:-
CHATER & MODY.
Hongkong, 31st March, 1911. [121]

TO LET.

NOS. 9 and 10, MACDONNELL ROAD. GODOWNS, To Let, at Blue Buildings, 4A, Praya East.

"O'BEGGAN," 39, THE PEAK. OFFICES in King's Building, 4th floor. GODOWNS, 151 to 155, PRAYA EAST. SEMI-EUROPEAN FLATS, Praya East, corner of Observation Place. The Trams stop at the door.

Also New EUROPEAN FLATS, adjoining the new Seaman's Institute, Praya East.

Apply to:-
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 24th May, 1911. [113]

TO LET.

ELEGANTLY Furnished and arranged Flat To Let. Cool and every convenience. Spacious Verandah, Fine Views back and front. Moderate Rental.

Apply to:-
"LUXURY,"
Care of "Daily Press" Office.
Hongkong, 18th May, 1911. [722]

TO LET.

TWO OFFICES on 1st Floor of Hotel Mansions.
Apply to:-
HENRY HUMPHREYS,
Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, 7th April, 1911. [575]

TO BE LET.

NO. 34, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL (Shop), Opposite the Post Office. No. 2A, D'AGUILAR STREET (Suitable for Godown, Etc.). All of which are at present occupied by VIENNA CAFE & Co., LTD. For Particulars, Etc.,

Apply to:-
YEE SANG FAT,
Same Address.
Hongkong, 24th February, 1911. [362]

TO LET.

GODOWN, No. 5A, DUDDELL STREET.
Apply to:-
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st May, 1911. [114]

TO LET.

OFFICES on Ground and First Floor in Charter Road. Very central position. WOODLANDS VILLA, West, 25, Seymour Road, furnished.

No. 18, BEACONSFIELD ARCADE (Shop). THE "VIRIE" No. 13, Peak, newly Painted and Colour-washed.

BEACONSFIELD, from 1st June, 1911. No. 57, PRAYA GRANDE, Macao. FOR SALE-TOR CHENG, at Peak, commanding a Magnificent View of the Harbour and Adjacent Islands.

Apply to:-
LINSTEAD & DAVIS,
3rd Floor, Alexandra Buildings.
Hongkong, 10th May, 1911. [113]

AUCTION

PUBLIC AUCTION OF HIGH-CLASS MACHINERY and ELECTRICAL FITTINGS.

THE Underigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, On FRIDAY, the 2nd June, 1911, Commencing at 10 A.M., at the Godowns situated in Wild-dell, Wanchai,

A LARGE QUANTITY OF HIGH-CLASS MACHINERY, &c.

Comprising:-
DUPLEX MARINE OIL ENGINE with auxiliary starting motor, complete (suitable for tug or lighter), 2 STEAM SET GENERATORS (115 volts, 46.5 and 37.4 amp.) 5 LANCASHIRE DYNAMO and ELECTRIC CO.'s GENERATORS (25 and 500 volts), VERTICAL ENGINE, KIRCHNER'S BAND SAWING MACHINE, PANEL PLANING MACHINE and WOOD TURNING LATHE, DRILLING MACHINE, CONCRETE MIXER, BLOCK MAKING MACHINES, GOULD'S DUPLEX and "CHALLENGER" PUMPS, Klein's HAND PUMPS and RETAINING and FOOT VALVES, Alex. Young's HORIZONTAL BOILER FEED DUPLEX PUMPS, PRESSURE GAUGE TESTING PUMP, PISTON PUMP, HORSE GEARS, INCUBATOR, 14, 15 amp. 3100 op. SEARCHLIGHT, PORTABLE WAREHOUSE CRANES, VACUUM CLEANERS, GAS PLANT, 3 ARMOURD HOSE, CAST IRON GATE VALVES, BRASS GLOBE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, &c., &c.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF ELECTRICAL FITTINGS, viz. WIRES, CABLES and LEAD COVERED WIRE, SHIP'S FITTINGS, &c., &c. Inspection orders on application. Now on View.

TERMS:-Cash on delivery.
GEO. P. LAMBERT,
Auctioneer.
Hongkong, 19th May, 1911. [729]

BANKS

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER).
Capital Yen 10,000,000
Capital Subscribed (paid up) Yen 6,250,000
Reserve Fund Yen 2,420,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:
Swatow
Amoy
Kobe
Nagasaki
Fuzhou
Keelung
Tainan
Tamsui
Tokyo
Osaka
Y

A City Constable

Nervous Depression,
Lassitude, Rheumatism

From all lands, deputations come to study the method which has made the London Constable superior to all others. "The method by which I make myself equal to my work," says Constable Lawrence, "consists of taking Phosferine at intervals, as in this way I keep myself alert mentally and physically." Since taking Phosferine, Constable Lawrence can remain on "point" duty in all weathers, controlling the amazing volume of City traffic, without experiencing the terrible nerve strain and weariness which formerly distressed him. Even amongst men who excel, Constable Lawrence is known as an exceedingly capable officer, equal to any emergency, and he declares that Phosferine alone enables him to maintain himself in this fine condition.

Quite removed.

Constable Lawrence, 398, High Road, Tottenham, writes:—"Possibly there is not an occupation more nerve trying than that of a 'point-duty' policeman, especially when the roads are slippery and the drivers have a difficulty in holding up their horses. Add to this, the skidding of motor omnibuses and the dodging of taxi-cabs, &c., it will be seen that my duty is not a pleasant one. I am sure that no one would care to change places with us for more than a few minutes, for it would at once be felt that the dangers are too numerous to cope with. Policemen look big, strong men, but are just as likely to get run down in health as other men, and this is what happened to me some time ago, when I suffered from headaches, nerve-depression, lassitude and rheumatic pains. After trying many remedies, I was recommended Phosferine, and can say that it is a wonderful renewer of health, and seems to put fresh life into one from the first dose. I am now quite myself again, and very thankful that Phosferine was brought to my notice."—March 5, 1910.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS
A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility Neuritis Lassitude Backache
Indigestion Maternity Weakness Premature Decay Rheumatism
Sleeplessness Mental Exhaustion Headache Hysteria
and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Remedy of Kings

Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands
To the Royal Family The Imperial Family of China
H.M. the Emperor of Russia H.M. the Queen of Roumania
H.M. the King of Spain H.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.M. the King of Greece H.M. the Grand Duchess of Hesse
And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the World.
Preparations: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 7/6, 4/6 and 2/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 12 size contains nearly four times the 1/12 size.

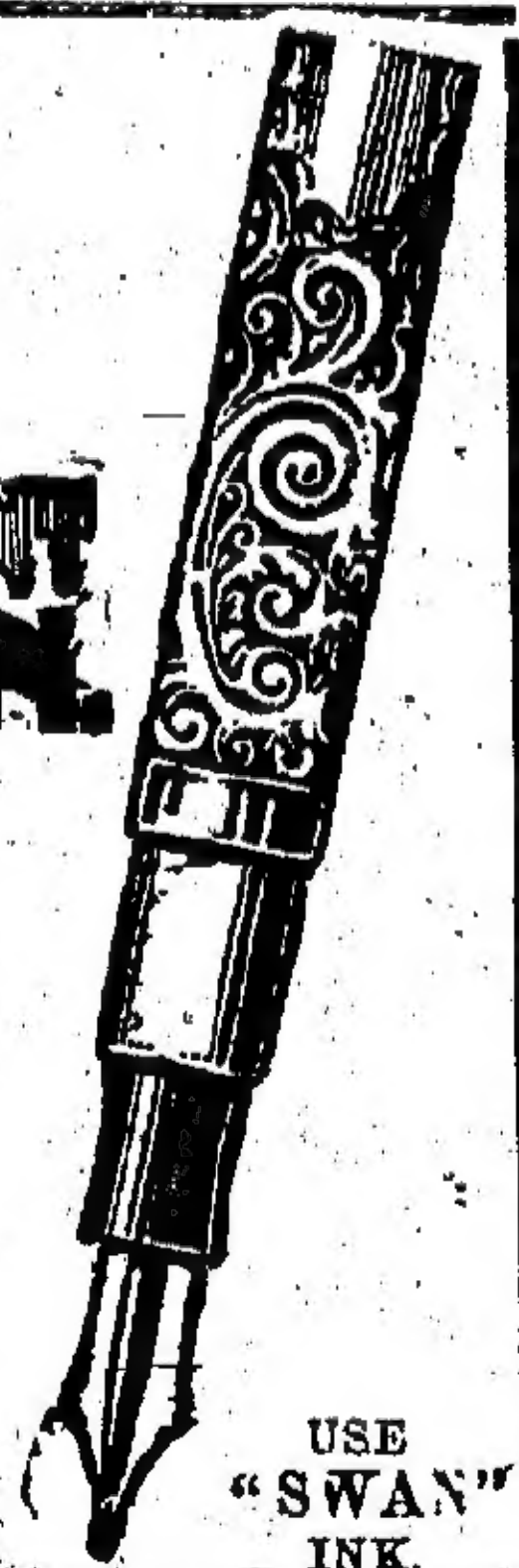
A BEAUTIFUL PEN

You will no doubt remark on seeing this illustration, but you should see the ACTUAL PEN to realise to the full its real value. Perhaps you would prefer something plainer. We make a very large variety of the famous.

SWAN PEN
from plain vulcanite to gem-studded gold ones at prices from \$6 to \$75.

Be sure you get the "SWAN."
The Pen that does not leak, is easy to fill, easy to use, and has no complicated "works" to get out of order.
Sold by all High-Class Stationers, Jewellers and Importers.

Catalogue free from
MABIE, TODD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS,
79 and 80, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C., ENG.,
and at
Manchester, Paris, Brussels, New York,
Etc., Etc.

"Montserrat"
LIME JUICE

is a drink with an interesting flavour; it is a pure natural product—not a chemical concoction.

Fresh ripe cultivated limes are alone used in the manufacture of
**"MONTSERRAT"
LIME JUICE.**

SUPPLIED IN TWO FORMS—
Unsweated, i.e., Plain Lime Juice.
Sweetened, i.e., Lime Juice Cordial.



SCIENTIFIC MISCELLANY.

NEW FIBRE FOR PAPER

The next great step in utilizing farm waste may be a change in the manufacture of paper as the wood fibre available will probably be exhausted within a few years. Experiments by the U. S. Department of Agriculture have shown that almost any long fibre can be used for paper, and that such waste materials as cotton-stalks and corn-stalks make paper of very good quality—almost equal to linen. Besides these and other wastes, various plants that can be grown or obtained in large quantities are being tried. Grasses of many kinds are being tested, and among them is esparto, an African grass now largely grown in southern Europe, which is being already used for paper for English newspapers. Bamboo, rice roots and other plants from Japan and China are being obtained for study in continuing the search for the paper-making materials of the near future.

ANOTHER BREAKFAST FOOD.

Plantain meal is suggested by a consular report as a new breakfast food. In the Dominican Republic it is universally used by the poor, but on account of lack of facilities it is made only in small quantities for home consumption, and the rest is sold in the market. The fruit is gathered green. It is peeled, sliced, dried three days in the sun, and is then pounded in a mortar and sifted, ten plantains yielding a pound of rich, creamy meal, redolent of orris root. For making bread this meal is claimed to be a splendid substitute for wheat flour. The meal is commonly prepared as a kind of porridge, however, though it is sometimes made into flakes and served with cream, and is also used for cookies.

THE NEW ALCHEMY.

There is nothing permanent except change, is the rather paradoxical conclusion of Sir William Crookes. He finds that the new science of radioactivity has brought to notice about 20 derivative elements, and still they are coming. One of them—uranium—has a life-duration of hundreds of millions of years, some last thousands of years, and one exists but four seconds. The future conception may be that the universe is not matter, but a rushing throng of positive and negative electrons.

THE BALLOONIST'S INSIDIOUS FOE.

Ultra-violet rays must be considered even by aeronauts, as Y. Henri, a French chemist, has shown that they have a material and rapid effect on rubber. When pure rubber and varying mixtures with mineral substances were exposed 8 inches from a mercury-vapour lamp with quartz tube, there was marked deterioration—within 20 hours in the case of pure rubber, but produced more slowly in the other samples. The pure rubber rapidly became darker, more shiny, and filled with cracks when stretched. Though much less affected, vulcanized rubber showed similar changes in 48 to 72 hours; but in rubber impregnated with mineral matter of some kind the deterioration even after a much longer time was chiefly on the surface. The cause of change seemed to be oxidation, which was promoted by some substances—like antimony, sulphide, and retarded by litharge and other compounds. Balloons are bombarded by ultra-violet rays increasing with the height, and a lesson drawn from the investigation is that the gasbags should never be made from unvulcanized rubber, and that the cloth should be coloured with lead chromate or other material that would screen off the ultra-violet rays.

BURNING OUT THE NILE'S CHANNEL.

The conversion of 35,000 square miles of intolerable nuisance into a mine of wealth is the miracle Egyptian engineers hope to achieve. The obstruction of the Nile by floating water plants, or sudd, has become a serious problem, but experiments in a small way give promise of actual profit from the removal of this waste material to use as fuel. Suitable machinery is to be provided for drying, disintegrating, and compressing the sudd, and it is expected that the briquettes formed, when burned under steam boilers, will evaporate 42 pounds of water per pound of fuel, or not much less than the evaporation from a like weight of good coal. With coal at \$15.00 a ton at Khartoum, the new fuel's prospects seem to be good.

HARD STAIRS.

A new concrete for stairs in public places contains carborundum, which has a hardness almost equal to the diamond. Under the incessant tread of city crowds, even granite becomes smoothed and worn, but in a test at Paris stairs of the carborundum concrete have shown no perceptible wear after an estimated traffic of more than 14,000,000 persons.

WIND POWER FOR BRITAIN.

The wind turbine electrical plant of a London manufacturer, designed for country houses, etc., seems to have reached the stage of commercial success. One of the installations is at Cosely Church, near Eilat, and this is used not only for lighting the church but also for feeding an electric motor to blow the church organ. The wind-turbine, 18 feet in diameter, is placed on a 60 foot tower about 200 yards away. The power is transmitted by a vertical steel shaft to the generator, housed in a shed at the foot of the tower, and the current is stored in a battery of 28 cells. There are 3 lamps of 25 candle-power in the church with 30 in the vicarage. The church lights require current at 50 volts, the organ the same, and the vicarage lights 15 volts, and all are reported to have operated satisfactorily. A tall governing gear regulates the motion of the turbine, bringing it into or out of the wind according to the force. The cost of this plant was first cost of a plant with oil or gas-engine, but operating expenses are avoided, no skilled mechanic is required, and about half an hour of attention weekly is all that is necessary.

ARTILLERY FOR BUILDING WALLS.

The cement gun is not a new weapon for the navy, but a machine for squirting concrete mortar in stucco form upon a surface of any kind. As described by G. L. Prentiss at the late Chicago meeting of Cement Users, the apparatus consists of a compressor, with gasoline engine and two tanks, mounted on an automobile truck. One tank carries the dry mixture of cement and sand and the other contains the water, and both are under pressure. A novel feature is that the dry cement mixture and the water are pumped separately to within an inch of the nozzle. At this point they are mixed, and so thoroughly that a very perfect combination is discharged upon any surface, rapidly building up a very solid concrete structure.

PETROLEUM NOT A PLANT POISON.

Water containing ten per cent. of petroleum has been found to cause no direct injury to such plants as stramonium and plantain, unless the petroleum accumulates about the roots. Plants gradually perish, however, on account of the difficulty of absorbing moisture from a petroleum-charged soil.

WHAT
NEWBRO'S
HERPICIDEHAS DONE
FOR OTHERS
IT MAY DO
FOR YOU

CLARENCE HAMILTON.

"Enclosed you will find a recent photograph of myself, showing the growth of my hair since beginning the use of your Herpicide. Before using Herpicide, the top of my head was completely bald, but the use of only two bottles has brought a new growth of hair. I had spent between \$30 and \$50 on other remedies, but failed to derive any benefit until using your Herpicide. I cannot commend this remedy too highly to any with dandruff, baldness or falling hair."
(Signed) CLARENCE HAMILTON.
Atlanta Police Department,
Atlanta, Georgia.

WHILE CHRONIC BALDNESS is incurable, many cases of primary or incipient baldness have been completely cured with Newbro's Herpicide, the original remedy that "kills the dandruff germ." Of course, the rational plan is to save the hair while there is hair to save, but even after it is gone there is a "fighting chance" if the hair follicles are not atrophied. Herpicide stops itching of the scalp instantly.

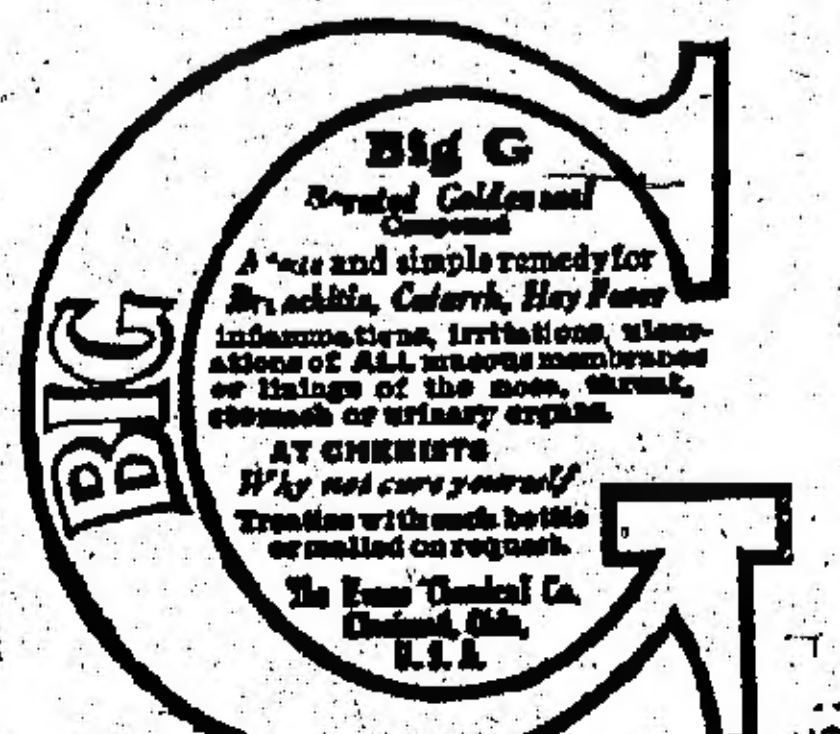
AT DRUG STORES.—Send 10 Cents in Stamps to The HERPICIDE Co., Detroit, Mich., for a Sample.

INSIST UPON HERPICIDE.

A. S. WATSON & Co.,
SPECIAL AGENTS.
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GOOD ENGLISH GUNS.

At very low prices.
Our Model No. 620 far-killing HAMMERLESS GUN is the best value in the world 12, 16 or 20 bore. Price \$25.50. All Sportmen should send for catalogue, post free on application to—
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ROBINSON PIANO CO.

(G.\$1.00)

Lohengrin	Bridal Chorus	Sala Chorus
La Favorita	Splendor Pia Belle	Sagraola and Chorus
Norma	In My Grasp	Martinez Patti
Mignon	Polonaise	Hugnet
Il Trovatore	Miserere	Martinez Patti
Pagliacci	Prologue	Cigada
Roses	From Thy Heavens	Alexina and Chorus
Der Treichutz	Agatha's Air	Michailowa
La Fraviata	Duet	do.
Jocelyn	Berouso	do.
Rigoletto	Care nome	do.
Lohengrin	Swan Song	Slezak
Romeo and Juliet	Fairest Sun	do.
Cavalleria Rusticana	Siciliana	do.
Mignon	Know at the land	De Lusan
Chanson des Poupier	King's Prayer	Journet
Lohengrin	Cavatina	do.
Micelle	Pure as a Flower	Nulbo
Mignon	Cost Song	Journet
Boheme	Call of Gold	do.
Faust	On Mischief Bent	Opera Chorus
Rigoletto	Questo e quella	Constantino
Gioconda	Glole e mar	do.
Rigoletto	La donna e mobile	do.
Romeo et Juliette	Yet a moment	Nielsen
Beggar Student	Cardas	Arel
Der Prophet	Estorale	Slezak
Aida	Chato Aida	do.
Manon	Depart Fair Vision	do.
The Minstrel Boy		McCorinuck
Rolling down to Rio		Witherspoon
Il baio		Koroff
The Birds are Singing		Michailowa
The Handkerchief		do.
Sorocodo	Goured	Slezak
The Clang of the Forge		de Gogorza
For all Eternity		do.
Ferocia Mia		do.
La Tempestad		do.
Mother of Mine		Witherspoon
The Lees of Richmond Hill		Williams

1734

SAINT-RAPHAEL

TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE

Very palatable.

Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anemia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.

DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.

Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:

(1) THE WARRANTY STAMP OF THE UNION DES FABRICANTS.

(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.

CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial, pursty and faultless preparation. To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE DU VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).

AGENTS—CALDECK, MACGREGOR & Co., HONGKONG.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO., LTD.

BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
BOMBAY.

UNDETAKE to Supply a First-class Full Sized BILLIARD TABLE, design No. 1, to following Specification, viz.: On Eight Massive Turned Legs, raised panels to Carved Bracket Knees, Screwed Mouldings, double bolted, best Welsh Slate Bed, extra heavy solid cushion rails fitted with our new low set Express Cushions, patent invisible Pocket Plates, best Whipcord Pockets, Six Chalk Cups, Superfine West of England Cloth, and patent adjusting toes, with lever for levelling, complete with the following accessories:—

- | | |
|---|---|
| 12 Selected Ash Cues. | 1 Wall Cue Rack. |
| 1 Butt Rest with Patent Brass Head. | 1 Wall Butt Rack. |
| 1 Billiard Butt with Patent Brass Head. | 1 Set Billiard Rules, Framed. |
| 1 Long Butt. | 1 Best Billiard Brush. |
| 1 Mid Butt. | 1 Set "Crystalline" or "Bonzone" Bill. Bal. |
| 1 Billiard Marking Board. | 1 Box Best Cue Tips, assorted. |
| 1 Dust Cover for Table. | 1 Cue Tip Fastener with File. |
| Straightedge and 3 Circle. | 1 Bottle Cue Cement. |
| 1 Best Spirit Level. | 1 Box Silk Spots. |
| 1 Smoothing Iron with Shoe. | 2 Dozen Best White Chalk. |

Packed and delivered free on Board Hongkong or Shanghai Harbour for the sum of Rs. 1,400 net.

Illustrated price lists giving prices and particulars of everything pertaining to billiards can be had on application from the Offices of this paper.

[1134-1]

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"SEAL" RED PRINTING INK

IS ABSOLUTELY THE BRIGHTEST RED ON THE MARKET.

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WINCARNIS,
THE GREATEST TONIC
IN THE WORLD.

WHAT IT has done for OTHERS it will DO FOR YOU
Its refreshing and exhilarating effects are a revelation to those who have never tried it before.

"WINCARNIS" has a charm all its own, which you cannot fail to appreciate.
The combination of all that is most nourishing in Beef and Malt is prepared in Wincarnis gives a TWO-POWER STANDARD that cannot be equalled for giving Strength and Stamina, Vitality and Force to Men, Women and Children.

BUY IT TO-DAY
From any leading Chemist.

MUSTARD & COMPANY

Wholesale Distributors for China and Hongkong.
No. 22, Museum Road, Corner of Scochow Road, Shanghai 402



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Cured by Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

DR. MORSE'S
Indian Root
PILLS
DO NOT WEAKEN. DO NOT SICKEN. DO NOT GRIPE.

Hongkong, 29th October, 1910.

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[533-10]

ON SALE.

THE DIRECTORY AND CHRONICLE 1911.

FOR

China, Japan, Korea, Indo-China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Malay States, Netherlands India, Philippines, Borneo, etc.

The DIRECTORY covers the whole of the ports and cities of the Far East, from the Indian Ocean to the North Sea, and includes the latest statistics of the TRADE of each country and statistics of the POPULATION of each country. The DIRECTORY is published by the HONGKONG DAILY PRESS, and is the most complete and reliable source of information for the Far East.

The Directories and Descriptions are of:

China, Japan, Korea, Indo-China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Malay States, Netherlands India, Philippines, Borneo, etc.

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China, Japan, Korea, Indo-China, Siam, Straits Settlements, Malay States, Netherlands India, Philippines, Borneo, etc.

SHIPPING IN PORT

ANGHIN, German str., 1,005, Chr. Kumpel, 21st May—Bangkok 14th Rice and Teak—Butterfield & Swire.

BLOMFOURTEIN, British str., 1,959, J. B. Pattison, 6th May—Singapore 30th April, General—Shewan, Tomes & Co.

BORNEO, German str., 1,344, F. Sembill, 20th May—Sandakan 16th May, Timber and General—Melchers & Co.

CANTON, Swedish str., 2,150, J. M. Benstrom, 17th May—Göteborg and Antwerp 27th May, General—Olof Wik & Co.

CHENAN, British str., 1,350, L. Lloyd Jones, 24th May—Shanghai 21st May, General—Butterfield & Swire.

CHUYEN, Chinese str., 1,177, Wm. Jamieson, 23rd May—Shanghai 20th May, General—C. M. S. N. Co.

CHOISEUR, German str., 1,021, F. Bruhn, 17th May—Bangkok 10th May, Rice—Butterfield & Swire.

CHOWTAL, German str., 1,195, W. Rober, 23rd May—Bangkok 12th and Swatow 22nd May, Rice and Meal—Butterfield & Swire.

CLARK, British str., 1,132, H. Ipland, 19th May—Pulo Laut, General—Jensen & Co.

DAIWA, Jap. str., 799, Y. Yamamoto, 24th May—Swatow 23rd May, General—Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

ELAX, British str., 2,571, Milner, 12th May—Shanghai 8th May, Ballast—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

FERNANDEZ, HERMANOS, American str., 451, E. Sloan, 20th May—Manila 16th May, Sugar.

FOOKHANG, British str., 1,987, T. A. Mitchell, 24th May—Calcutta 9th and Singapore 18th May, General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

HAIYAN, British str., 1,183, J. S. Roach, 24th May—Fookhew, Amoy and Swatow 23rd May, General—Douglas, Inskip & Co.

ISIDORE, American str., 1,027, F. X. Xan, 7th May—Manila 3rd May, Barretto—Ordo.

KASHING, British str., 1,144, C. Laver, 22nd May—Chinkiang 17th May, Rice—Butterfield & Swire.

KEONGWAI, German str., 1,115, J. Kibler, 7th May—Singapore 1st May—Butterfield & Swire.

KORSA, American str., 5,651, J. W. Saunders, 19th May—San Francisco 18th April, Mail and General—P. M. S. S. Co.

KOWLOON, German str., 1,459, E. Anders, 21st May—Hankow 10th May, Ground nuts and Rais—Hamburg-Amerika Linie.

KUEICHOW, British str., 1,219, Forsyth, 25th May—Tientsin 19th May, General—Butterfield & Swire.

KUMCHOW, British str., 1,450, J. A. Martin, 22nd May—Saigon 18th May, General—Man Fat & Co.

KUTSANG, British str., 4,895, R. C. D. Bradley, 23rd May—Kobe and Moji 19th May, General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

LYNAN, British str., 1,350, C. C. Williams, 15th May—Shanghai 12th May, General—Butterfield & Swire.

LIVIS R. YANCOO, American str., 209, Tioag, 24th May—Manila 20th May, Sugar—Ordo.

LOTHIAN, British str., 3,222, W. J. Lockhart, 24th May—Moji 19th May, Coal—Dodwell & Co.

MARIE, German str., 1,200, H. Schlaikier, 22nd May—Saigon 18th May, Rice and General—Jobson & Co.

MERAP, British str., 1,480, E. Uldall, 5th May—Samarang and Singapore 29th April, Sugar—Chinese.

NIPPON MARU, Japanese str., 3,452, H. B. Smith, 23rd May—San Francisco 26th April, Mail and General—Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

NORD, Norwegian str., 730, G. Haraldsen, 23rd May—Tientsin 20th May, General and Rice—Aagaard, Thoresen & Co.

PANAMA MARU, Japanese str., 1,234, R. Mute, 18th May—Shanghai 15th May, General—Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

PERANANG, German str., 1,021, F. V. Mangelsdorf, 23rd May—Bangkok 14th Rice and Teak—Butterfield & Swire.

ROZA, Norwegian str., 3,459, E. Meyer, 4th May—Portland and Asia 28th April, Flour and Coal—Portland & Asia S.S. Co.

SABINE, Dutch str., 573, D. E. Bakker, 20th May—Fookhew 20th May, Ballast—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

SAINT KILDA, British str., 2,469, John Lewis, 10th May—Barry 25th March, Coal—Ordo.

SELENA, British str., 3,127, Station, 1st May—San Francisco, Kerosene Oil—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

SIDIR, Russian str., 2,179, Levontis, 10th May—Moji 4th May, Coal—Bradley & Co.

ST. ALANS, British str., 1,234, G. McArthur, 25th May—Kobe 19th May, General—Gibb, Livingston & Co.

SUTAN VAN LINGKAT, Dutch str., 2,293, Lagay, 3rd May—Singapore 27th April, Kerosene Oil—Asiatic Petroleum Co.

SUNGKANG, British str., 987, H. Mathias, 23rd May—Halifax—Swire.

TAMBOUR, British str., 919, H. T. Howart, 18th May—Swatow 17th May, Ballast—Butterfield & Swire.

THIMAR, Dutch str., 4,500, J. P. Schoites, 13th May—Macassar 6th May, Coal—Java-China-Japan Lijn.

TUPANAN, Dutch str., 2,444, Nap, 21st May—Amoy 20th May, General—Java-China-Japan Lijn.

ULV, Norwegian str., 985, Pedersen, 25th May—Manila 22nd May—Aagaard, Thoresen & Co.

VESTFOLD, Norwegian str., 1,172, Berthelsen, 3rd May—Bangkok via Hoihow 24th April, Rice—China-Siam S. N. Co. Ltd.

VICTORIA, Swedish str., 989, T. Ecker, 24th May—Wakamatsu 18th May, Coal—Java-China-Japan Lijn.

WINGSANG, British str., 1,517, T. Le Lishman, 23rd May—Manila 20th May, General—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

ON SALE.

MAIL TABLES

FOR 1911.

Shows the dates of departure of the Mails to Europe and America, and the dates of their expected arrival at their destinations, as well as the dates of return Mails.

Mounted on Card ... 30 Cents
On Paper ... 20

On Sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.
Hongkong, 5th February, 1911.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS STOCKS AND SHARES.

RUBBER COMPANIES.

Singapore, May, 11.

Malayan Companies	Singapore Fraser & Co's Prices, April 19	Dividends	Par value each share £1. Calls paid up are—	Malayan Companies	Singapore Fraser & Co's Prices, April 13
Alor-Pongat...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Malacca Ordinary...	9.150
Anglo-Johore...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Merlimau...	9.100
Anglo-Malay...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Merton Syndicate...	1.150
Bakap...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Mount Austin...	1.150
Banteng...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Northampton...	1.150
Batu Caves...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Padang Jawa...	4/3
Batu Kawan...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Pandan Johore...	3.10
Batu Tiga...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Potaling...	3.10
Berangan Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Potaling (Johore)...	3.10
Bernam Porak...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Perak...	3.10
Do. Ordinary...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Pepang Est...	3.10
Bidor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Pra...	3.10
Blands Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Ratanuf...	3.10
Bukit Cilo...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Rembia...	3.10
Bukit Kajang...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Rim...	3.10
Bukit Mertajam...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	R. of Krian...	3.10
Bukit Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Saga...	3.10
Castlefield...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Seaford...	3.10
Changkat Salak R. and Tin...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Selangor...	3.10
Chersonese...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Selangor Rubber...	3.10
Chiochi...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sempah...	3.10
Chota Rubber...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Seremban...	3.10
Cicely Ordinary...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Seremban...	3.10
Do. Preferred...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Singapore Para...	3.10
Cousol Malay...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Singapore Straits (Bertan)...	3.10
Damansara...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Singapore R...	3.10
Dennisto...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Bahru...	3.10
Enth Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Choh...	3.10
Fed Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Kapar...	3.10
Gara Koe R. Est...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Krub...	3.10
Garing (Malacca)...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Liang...	3.10
Goconda...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Salak...	3.10
Golden Hope...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Sungei Way...	3.10
Gula-Kalumpang...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Tangkah...	3.10
H. and Lowlands...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Third Mile...	3.10
Inch Kenneth...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Tremelbye...	3.10
Johore Para...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Utd. Sui Betong...	3.10
Johore R. Land...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Val d'Or Est...	3.10
Jong-Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10	Vallambrosa...	3.10
Jugra (Ordinary)...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Jura Est...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
K'pong Kuantan...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kamuning "A"...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Do. "B"...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kapar Para...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kell...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kepong...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Killinghall...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kinta Kellas...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Klian-Kellas...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kota Tinggi...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kota Tampan...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Krubong...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kuala Klang...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kuala Lumpur...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kuala Pahi...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Kuala Selangor...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Labu...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Ladang...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Ledbury...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Lendu...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Linggi...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
London Asiatic...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Lumut Est...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Madagasy Est...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
Malacca 7 1/2 Cqm. Partici-	1.210 1/2	75%	10		
pating Pref...	1.210 1/2	75%	10		

MEN-OF-WAR ON THE CHINA AND JAPAN STATION.

Alcority, despatch-boat, 700 tons, 4 guns, 2,000 i.h.p., Comdr. A. Lowndes, Weihaiwei.

Astrak, 2nd class cruiser, 4,300 tons, 10 guns, 7,000 i.h.p., Captain E. B. Kiddle, Shanghai.

Atlas, admiralty ship, 615 tons, 1,400 i.h.p., Master W. West, Hongkong.

Brandy, gunboat, 710 tons, 900 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. B. G. Washington, Hongkong.

Britomart, gunboat, 710 tons, 900 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. J. M. Barker, Shanghai.

Cadmus, British sloop, 1,070 tons, i.h.p. 1,400, Lieut. Comdr. H. Lynes, Shanghai.

Cherub, water tank and tug, 350 tons, i.h.p. 340, Lieut. Comdr. H. B. Vase, Shanghai.

Clio, British sloop, 1,070 tons, i.h.p. 1,400, Comdr. H. B. Vase, Shanghai.

Fame, torpedo-boat destroyer, 340 tons, 6 guns, 5,700 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. H. S. Monroe, Weihaiwei.

Flora, 2nd class cruiser, 4,360 tons, 10 guns, 7,000 i.h.p., Captain J. M. Nicholas, Weihaiwei.

Handy, torpedo-boat destroyer 295 tons, 5 guns, 4,000 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. Hon. Gay Stopford, Hongkong.

Hart, torpedo-boat destroyer, 295 tons, 5 guns, 4,000 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. Hon. Gay Stopford, Hongkong.

Heugourt, torpedo-boat destroyer, 320 tons, 6 guns, 5,900 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. M. B. Blackwood, Weihaiwei.

Kent, armoured cruiser, 9,800 tons, 14 guns, i.h.p. 22,000, Capt. St. J. P. Farquhar, Hongkong.

Kinshira, river gunboat, 615 tons, i.h.p. 1,200, Lieut. Comdr. J. B. Lynes, Yangtze.

Merlin, surveying ship, 1,070 tons, 6 guns, 1,400 i.h.p., Comdr. B. O. M. Davy, Hongkong.

Minotaur, armoured cruiser (flagship Vice-Admiral Sir A. L. Wintace, K.O.B., C.V.O., C.M.G.), 14,600 tons, i.h.p. 27,000, Capt. G. C. Cayley, Shanghai.

Monmouth, armoured cruiser, 9,800 tons, i.h.p. 22,000, Captain L. E. Power, M.V.O., Weihaiwei.

Moorehen, river gunboat, 180 tons, 2 guns, i.h.p. 800, Lieut. Comdr. G. P. Leith, West River.

Newcastle, 2nd class cruiser, 4,000 tons, turbine, i.h.p. 10,000, Captain George P. E. Hunt, D.S.O., Weihaiwei.

Nightingale, river gunboat, 85 tons, 240 h.p., Lieut. Comdr. Claude Hillierden-Woodward, R.N., Yangtze.

Otter, torpedo-boat destroyer, 335 tons, 6 guns, 5,300 i.h.p., Comdr. Lamb, Weihaiwei.

Robin, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut. Comdr. Cosmo A. O. Douglas, West River.

Sandpiper, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut. Comdr. E. J. J. Southby, West River.

Snipe, river gunboat, 85 tons, 2 guns, 240 h.p., Lieut. Comdr. Maurice B. Leslie, Yangtze.

Taku, torpedo-boat destroyer, 305 tons, i.h.p. 6,000, Gunner E. J. Trillo, R.N., Hongkong.

Tamar, receiving ship, 4,650 tons, 6 guns, Commodore Pyres, Hongkong.

Teal, river gunboat, 180 tons, 2 guns, 800 i.h.p., Lieut. Comdr. R. J. Buchanan, Yangtze.

Thistle, gunboat, 710 tons, 900 h.p., Lieut. Comdr. M. B. Baillie-Hamilton, Shanghai.

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co's Steamer

FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessels are hereby informed that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark and delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—
From London, &c., ex s.s. "Nyanza" and "Macedonia".
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From Persian Gulf, ex s.s. B. I. S. N. and B. P. S. N. Co's Steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary within 6 hours.

Goods not cleared by the 31st inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD and DOUGLAS, at 9 A.M. on MONDAY and TUESDAY. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. HEWETT,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 25th May, 1911.

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Hongkong, 12th May, 1911. [636]

ON SALE.

A TABLE OF THE
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SAGO SAVED HIM FROM STARVATION.

How a Dyspeptic Man in Colombo Existed Until Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"I suffered for over three years from Chronic Indigestion," said Mr. Andrew Quinn, who is teacher at the St. Mary's High School, Colombo. "Every night I was attacked with terrible pains in the stomach, and on awakening in the morning I always had a nasty sour taste in my mouth. Through the stomach pains I may say I hadn't a good night's rest during those years. My digestive organs were in such a state that I could not eat anything between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., that is to say, a meal taken at 10 a.m. would not be digested until 4 p.m. at the earliest, and until that hour I had practically to starve myself. About all the nourishment I got was from sago, as I used to make a regular practice of drinking a bowlful every night before going to bed. If it were not for this easily-digested food I don't know what I should have done."



Mr. Andrew Quinn, of Colombo.

(From a Photograph.)

"I grew pale, thin, and weak, and my friends frequently commented upon my unhealthy appearance. I saw my doctor, who gave me a tonic and said that I must have my meals at regular hours, but this was precisely what I was unable to do. It is impossible to eat with any degree of enjoyment when you know you will suffer agonising pains afterwards. Then I tried several well known Eastern Medicines which are largely advertised as a cure for Dyspepsia and Indigestion, but I was as far off being cured after taking them as before. It was at this juncture that some friends advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Of course I had often read about these Pills in the newspapers, but I had never thought of trying them as a remedy for indigestion until my friends assured me that they were famed as a cure for this complaint. The first bottle I took slightly relieved the pains, whilst, to my surprise and delight, I was completely cured after taking the second bottle, and I have remained in perfect health ever since. I can enjoy my regular meals now and never suffer any pains afterwards. Although it is about eighteen months since I was cured I have never had a return of my old enemy—Indigestion."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which have cured thousands of cases of indigestion during the past twenty years, are also known far and wide as the great remedy for Anemia, Malaria, General Debility, Liver Complaint, Nervousness, Paralysis, Beri-Beri, Eczema, Skin Diseases and the many ailments which afflict the gentler sex. They are obtainable from most medicine dealers, also direct from the China Office of the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 84, Seeshan Road, Shanghai. 1 bottle for \$1.50 or 6 bottles for \$8, post free. Beware of imitations and substitutes.

WEATHER REPORT.

On the 26th at 12.05 p.m.—The barometer has risen considerably in E. Japan and fallen moderately in Vladivostok and over the Loochoos.

A depression is probably advancing Eastwards over Manchuria. The low pressure trough still lies over S. China and the Pacific towards the Loochoos, and there are indications of the formation of a circular depression to the South of the latter area.

The high pressure area now occupies E. Japan. Moderate E. and S.W. winds; may be expected over the N. part of the China Sea. Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 1.48 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—
Hongkong & Neighbourhood. (S) Variable winds, moderate.
Formosa Channel. (S) Same as No. 1.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Loochoos. (S) Same as No. 1.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan. (S) Same as No. 1.
S.W. winds, moderate; squally, thunder showers.

UNCLAIMED TELEGRAMS.

Following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Great Northern Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

ADDRESS	FROM
Katowling	Kobe
Keechong	Omaha
Kolungtie	Soerabaja
Kwangkiang	Soerabaja
Kwongtong Kwongyong	Kobe
Messy, Hongkong Hotel	St. Petersburg
1311 5228	Manila
J. Nohr	Manila
2988 4410	Amoy

The following is a list of unclaimed telegrams lying in the Eastern Australia & China Telegraph Company's office at Hongkong:—

ADDRESS	FROM
Ceyras	Donner
Australien	Mytho
Chinachoyam Chunlan	Penang
Engpohsing	Cebu
Hing-Lloyd Officer	Friedrichshafen
Hing-Ling	Manila
Jaffe, Mrs. 2, McDonnell Road	Manila
Levy	Shanghai
Lowrie	Manila
Manruan (Two)	Manila
Meyer	Manila
Quaytekong Rue Technato	Presomph
Saikoi	Calcutta
Shamdas	Calcutta
Sands	Bombay
Shorin	Bombay
Shouhung	San Francisco
Spelien	Cebu
Tayven	Bangkok
Tucklingwao	Taiwan
Tungghin o/o Wangtatyuen	Port Darwin
Wong	Bombay
Yunwah Sutyp Co.	Singapore
2480 3141 1795	Wohaiwei

REVIEWS.

The Land of Promise. By STANLEY PORT L. HYATT. London: T. Werner Laurie.

Mr. Hyatt in this novel has gone back to his earlier method. He was well advised to do so, for his style is better adapted to the scenes and characters to be met with on the frontiers of civilisation than to men and movements in urban and rural England. Our readers are already familiar with his pictures of Hongkong and Manila. In "The Land of Promise" he takes us to South Africa, and it is easy to get behind the thin veil which he throws over names and places. In vivid phraseology, he paints life as it may be seen in the solitary camp and townships of Rhodesia, where men are moved by elemental passions and the white woman's purifying influence is as yet but slightly experienced. Charlotte Mansfield, it may be remembered, had little to say in favour of the Protestant missionaries in Rhodesia, much to condemn; Mr. Hyatt, incidentally, praises the High Church Anglican and Roman Catholic missionaries, whilst condemning the Nonconformists out of hand. His allegations and insinuations are ugly, and we are not willing to believe them. Still, a writer nowadays must be careful even in making sweeping condemnations, and where we have Mr. Hyatt corroborating or elaborating Miss Mansfield it is almost impossible to remain sceptic, and it would seem that the religious bodies which subscribe so liberally to the spread of the Gospel in heathen lands should carry out very strict investigations as to the conduct of their mission representatives and all who dwell within the kraal. In his criticism, Mr. Hyatt includes the Government and its agents. If what he says is true, there should be some inconvenient questions in Parliament. The love element is not lacking in "The Land of Promise," there is plenty of incident, and some most excellent character drawing. Mr. Hyatt certainly improves in craftsmanship, and his latest work holds out promise of better things to come.

The Lion's Skin. By RAFAEL SABATINI. London: Stanley Paul & Co.

The author of "Bardelys the Magnificent" has the true dramatic instinct. He has learned the secret of fixing his reader's attention from the start, and he does not allow the interest to flag. There are few characters, but what there are he draws well; they are not mere shadows, but full-blooded human beings, and he knows how to manipulate them and to arrange the scenery in which they live and move and have their being. He has chosen London for his setting, London of the early eighteenth century, when George the First was King and the air was full of rumours of an imminent Jacobite uprising. The dialogue is crisp, in the jargon of the period, epigrammatic at times, always a trifle staccato and suggesting the stage. It was the time when noblemen and aristocrats had town houses in Lincoln's Inn Field; when sedan chairs, not motor cars, were in common use; when high-born ladies deemed it no disgrace to utter oaths we now expect only from the lowest of the lower classes; when "Doris and the devil" was the aristocratic equivalent of our coasters' "Blimey me" and "Strike me pink"; when dandies spent their days at the parade in St. James's Park, the ring, the play, the coffee-house and the ordinary. Weave round this—and the author does it with commendable skill and smoothness—a story of a young man, possessed of a chateau in France but educated at Oxford, sent out by his foster father to kill his real father, Lord Ostermore, or, at any rate, to smash him in a Jacobite intrigue for his own destruction, and you have the main motive, which runs concurrent with the development of a passion for Lord Ostermore's pretty ward, Mistress Hortensia Winthrop. It is a strong story, with a dramatic conclusion, and should lend itself readily to the dramatist. It is marred by a irritating defect, the tiresome iteration of "what time" instead of "while" or "whilst."

For a Woman's Honour. By CHRISTOPHER WILSON. London: Stanley Paul & Co.

This is a mystery story of a type to which the reading public are becoming familiar. But it is by no means conventional. There is an unconventional detective, whose methods are not reminiscent of Sherlock Holmes. The chief interest centres round the tragic death of the wife of Sir Henry Granton, Secretary of State for War, and his liaison with the wife of an eminent General. Then there is a Canadian Square physician who makes mysterious disappearances in the cause of science, and discovers a wonderful serum, which he uses to commit crime. There is also a sensational episode in the House of Commons, due to the absence of the Secretary for War, and his exploits recall, though very distantly, a notable event in the career of a famous politician long since passed to his account. Legitimate love helps to sweeten a story which might otherwise become repugnant. The writing is smooth and the incident not strained. There is, in fact, more method in this story than in the majority of its type, and it can be said of it with truth that it does not have a dull page.

Old Chinese Porcelain and Works of Art in China. By A. W. BAER. London: Cassell, Hongkong and the Far East: Kelly & Walsh, Ltd.

No one will disagree with the publisher that this book should be of particular interest to lovers of Chinese Porcelain and Works of Art. It contains illustrations and brief descriptions of Pottery, Porcelain, Jade and other articles selected from the first Art Exhibition held in China, viz., at Shanghai in 1908. All the pieces owned by foreigners were obtained in China, and most with the advice and assistance of the

best native experts. Over 3,000 articles were exhibited, many being from well-known Chinese connoisseurs. H.E. Tuan Fang, Viceroy of the Liang-kiang; H.E. King-shao-san, Governor of Nanchang; Taotai Hwang Chang Hwei, of Peking; and Mr. Li-chi-bai, of Canton, contributed some of the choicest pieces of their well-known collections. Keen interest was taken by native officials and gentry in the Exhibition, which was held under the auspices of the North-China branch of the Royal Asiatic Society. A long period of time was taken in preparation by the following Committee, whose names are well known in Shanghai as connoisseurs:—Sir Pelham Warren, K.C.M.G., President of the North-China branch of the Royal Asiatic Society; Mr. C. Oswald Liddell, Chairman; Mr. A. W. Bahr, Hon. Secretary; Dr. J. C. Ferguson, Hon. Treasurer; Mrs. Ayscough, Dr. A. Stanley, Dr. S. M. Cox, Mr. F. E. Wilkinson, Taotai Hoo-oh-mai, Taotai Shun-tun-jo, Mr. T. W. Kingsmill, Mr. M. Chapaux, Mr. G. H. Thomson, Mr. Zung-sung-ching and Mr. Wong-kai-zur. The author was Honorary Secretary of the Exhibition, and largely to his initiation, and has been a resident of Shanghai and a keen collector for many years. An intimate knowledge of the Chinese language has given him exceptional opportunities for viewing and acquiring works of art, and of learning what the Chinese themselves particularly admire and value.

The book includes 12 illustrations, which are interesting, being reproductions of paintings on silk specially made for the author by the well-known Chinese artist Wong-chun-hai. There are besides 109 black-and-white illustrations. The volume, which is Royal 8vo., in size, bound in cloth and published at 30s. net., is beautifully printed and is one of great interest and value to all collectors.

Isola. By ALICE M. DIEHL. London: John Long.

In this story the element of mystery is artistically used, and the reader is forced to read till the very end without a break—that is, if he or she can afford the time. If not, there will be no rest till the book is resumed and the story proceeded with. The theme in a way is exceptional. The heroine quarrels with her uncle as she regards him. He leaves the house in a rage in a motor-car and meets with an accident which proves fatal. The uncle had previously written a will disinheriting her, but the will is invalid, as it was not witnessed. The lawyer in addition to making this plain to her also tells her that the man whom she regarded as her uncle was really her father. Scarcely has she recovered from the unpleasant sensation of these discoveries when a woman comes along who proves to be the widow of the deceased man. The heroine at once gives the lady and her cripple son their proper places in the household, and this peculiar manage runs fairly satisfactory until the girl marries the man of her choice. He, on his part, is led to marry her in order to protect her from the calumny of the people who suspect that she tampered with the motor-car. For a considerable period it is believed that the old gentleman had practically been murdered, and the mystery surrounding his death is not dissolved until the trial of a former chauffeur for causing his death. Fortunately all is cleared and all happens for the best.

CHURCH SERVICES.

PEARL CHURCH—Holy Communion 8 a.m. every Sunday.

UNION CHURCH, Kennedy Road. Minister—Rev. G. H. Hickling. 11 a.m. Worship, Hymns, 36, 95 and 91, Benedicite (Barney), Anthem "Love us not" (Stainer). 12 noon. Communion Hymns, 93, 6 p.m. Worship, Hymns: 83, 90, 80, 86 and 87.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, Queen's Road, West. Sunday after Ascension Day 26th May, 1911. Morning, 11 a.m. Venite, Hooper; Psalms, Gilbert, Stewart, Woodward; 10 Deane, Woodward, Smart, Tuile, Benedicite, Garrett, Hymns, 540, 535, 253 and 199. Evening 6.30 p.m. Psalms, Purcell (Major and Minor); Magnificat, Barnby 20th a.m.; Kyrie, Elvey; Hymns, 33, 204, 257 and 26. Preacher, The Rev. A. D. Stewart.

Holy Communion, 7.30 p.m.

The Church of the "Daypring" will call on ships carrying white crews to bring friends ashore to the service between 9.15 and 10.30 a.m., and between 5.15 and 6 p.m. (Kowloon Police Pier 10.30 and 6 p.m. returning afterwards).

The "Answering Bells" is the call flag. All the sittings are free and unreserved. Visitors welcome. Books &c. provided.

Sunday School 10 to 10.45 a.m.

St. John's Cathedral, Hongkong, 26th May 6th Sunday after Easter. Holy Communion (8.15 a.m.) Matins (11 a.m.) Responses, Psalms, Venite, Hooper; Psalms, of the 26th morning, 10 Deane, Woodward, Smart and Tuile; Benedicite, Garrett; Hymns, 147, 130 and 304. N.B.—Psalms 122 verses 1 and 2 in unison. Psalm 133, verses 1 and 2 in unison. Psalm 135, verses 1, 2, 13, 14 and 21 in unison. Psalm 135, (8.45 p.m.) Responses, Psalms, of the 26th evening (1); Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Garrett in F; Anthem, "Lift up your heads" (Coleridge-Taylor). Hymns, 147 and 148 (Part I); Sevenfold Amen; V. Lullaby, Prayer and Tocatta.—Boelmann, N.B.—Psalms 130, verses 1, 2, 13, 26 and 27 in unison. Psalm 137, verses 1 and 2 in unison. Psalm 137, verses 1, 4 and G. P. in unison. Hymn 147, verses 3, 5 in unison. Hymn 148, verses 2 and 6 in unison.

St. Andrew's Church, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Sunday, after Ascension 26th May, 1911. Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Morning Service at 11 a.m. Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. in Brit. Sch. School, Evening Service at 6 p.m. Services on Sunday—Holy Communion on 1st, 2nd and 4th Sundays at 8 a.m.; Holy Communion on 1st, 3rd and 5th Sundays at noon. Morning Prayer at 11 a.m. Evening prayer at 6 p.m.

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KUMERIC	6,252	G. B. McGill	6th June.
LUCERIC	6,400	J. Mathie	30th June.

To be followed by other Steamers of the Company at regular intervals. The Steamers of the BANK LINE, LTD., carry Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all overland Common Points in the United States of America and Canada, and also for the Chief Ports in Mexico, Central and South America. Will call at AMOY and KEELUNG if sufficient, independent offers.

The Steamers of the Line are of the most modern type, have excellent accommodation for storage passengers and a limited accommodation for Cabin Passengers; they are fitted throughout with Electric Light, the "Luceric" and "Orterio" also having Wireless Telegraphy. Special Arrangements have been made for Express Parcels to American and Canadian Ports.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED.

King's Building, Praya Central.

TELEPHONE No. 780.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

THE FAST MODERN STEAMERS OF THIS LINE AFFORD THE

QUICKEST FREIGHT TRANSPORT FROM THE ORIENT TO SOUTH AFRICA.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal) EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS.

FROM HONGKONG:

27th May. S.S. DUNEBIC ... 15th June.

24th June. STEAMER ... 12th July.

For rates and further information, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,

(MANAGING AGENTS).

Hongkong, 1st May, 1911.

LATEST STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The T.K.K. str. *Ching Maru* with the U.S. mails sailed from San Francisco for Hongkong, via usual ports of call on the 24th instant, and is scheduled to arrive at this port on the 26th prox.

The P. & O. S.N. Co.'s str. *Palermo* is expected to arrive at Penang on the 11th prox., at noon.

VISITORS AT HOTELS.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mr. H. Adam	Mr. R. M. Joseph
Mr. J. T. Andrew	Mr. R. H. Kinnane
Mr. A. W. Appleton	Major & Mrs. Kinnane
Mr. Pauer	Mr. H. J. M. Logan
Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Blackburn	Miss A. Macfarlane
Mr. J. N. B. Blackburn	Mr. C. Mancini
Mr. P. B. Bouché	Mr. O. Marriott
Mrs. Bouché & maid	Miss C. F. Martin
Miss G. Bothin	Mr. P. Merschi
Mrs. Brandenstine	Mr. C. J. Meyer
Mr. G. H. Bridge	Mr. E. V. Mitchellmore
Mr. S. M. Brown	Mr. & Mrs. A. D. Moulden
Mr. G. H. Cress, Jr.	Mr. & Mrs. J. Munton
Mr. D. E. Clark	Mr. W. North
Mr. W. E. Clarke	Mr. F. H. Ky
Mrs. J. A. Collins	Mr. W. Oettinger
Mr. H. L. Condon	Mr. J. C. Ogden
Mrs. Dalgoish	Mr. G. R. Petrie
Mr. & Mrs. Dallas	Mr. W. L. Pierce, Jr.
Mr. N. K. Davidson	Mr. W. T. Prichard
Mrs. E. H. Douglas	Mr. E. H. Ray
Mr. W. C. Drew	Mr. F. G. Ropke
Mr. E. J. W. Farnes	Mr. G. J. Russell
Mr. W. A. Edgar	Mr. G. Schurman
Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Ehrenfels	Mr. H. H. Solomon
Mr. P. E. Eron	Mr. J. B. Southward
Mr. H. G. Fisher	Dr. & Mrs. A. Spalding
Mr. J. Forrester	Mr. J. Spillies
Miss Fowler	Miss W. Squire
Tomman Fuller	Mr. R. W. Steel
Mr. H. Garrow	Mr. C. Steel
Mr. & B. L. Gledy	Miss Steel
Mr. E. G. B. Gernally	Mr. W. E. Stratton
Mr. V. Goubourn	Mr. & Mrs. J. J. Such
Mr. M. Gonzales	Miss Such
Mr. F. F. Gonzales	Mr. J. W. Taylor
Mr. J. Guntzburger	Mr. H. Taylor
Capt. T. P. Hall	Mr. G. W. Tenkburg
Mr. & Mrs. H. A. Hall	Mr. H. H. Thompson
Mr. J. C. Hamilton	Mr. G. Toole
Mr. H. D. Harvey	Capt. W. Tutt
Mr. T. E. Hensen	Mr. Lunn Vi an and family
Mr. & Mrs. E. A. Hewitt	Miss C. H. Wakeman
Dr. Spencer Hough	Mr. E. C. Waddill
Mr. H. T. Howard	Mr. G. Wehr
Th. van Hunt	Mr. E. Wellman
Mr. P. L. Hutson	Mr. & Mrs. V. Ilder
Capt. & Mrs. Tutton	Mr. & Mrs. Wybrandt
Mr. E. Innes	and child
Mr. W. B. Jones	

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Mr. T. Aoki	Miss Lapretto
Capt. T. O. Arthur	Mr. W. McGowan
Mr. Bellios	Mr. McCreary
Mr. M. P. Beattie	Capt. & Mrs. Morleja
Miss Brandt	Dr. Michael
Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Bridger & Son	Miss Morleja
Mr. W. T. Bryant	Mr. A. P. Nobbs
Mr. D. Clark	Mr. Pucker
Count W. J. Dubua	Capt. and Mrs. W. G.
Mr. C. M. F. Frest	Passmore
Miss M. Gains	Mr. J. P. F. Frest
Mr. J. Gordov	Mr. S. B. Ray
Mr. A. Granada	Dr. Saba
Mr. A. Harper	Mr. E. E. Smith
Mr. Harrison	Mr. J. L. Sutherland
Mr. T. Hood	Mr. J. N. Varela
Mr. E. S. Kibel	Miss M. S. Wilson
Mr. John Lennox	

GRAND HOTEL.

Mr. E. W. Bauckham	Dr. F. Kayt
Mr. J. C. Cass	Mr. Watson
Mr. & Mrs. A. B. Crew	Mr. R. J. Mooney
Consul and Mrs. H. C. Fein	Mr. P. W. L. Mooney
Mr. Foss	Mr. Nielsen
Mr. W. L. Gaylor	Mr. K. Offer
Mr. Gilbert	Mr. A. Petersen
Mr. T. Hagan	Mr. Richard Porak
Mr. H. H. Hockescher	Mr. J. L. Frendorger
Mr. A. C. Hordyk	Mr. W. H. Hing's
Mr. T. Horiel	Mr. S. J. Hing's
Mr. B. James	Capt. and Mrs. A. H.
Mr. Kaufholz	Steward and child
Mr. Kelly	Mr. H. F. Stoneman
	Mr. R. Taylor

KINGSLORE PRIVATE HOTEL.

Comdr. F. Acton, R.N.	Mr. & Mrs. L. D. Mandel
Mr. F. Acton & E. N.	Master Macdell
Mr. E. Aradit	Mr. E. J. McNulty
Mr. & Mrs. Aucott	Mr. C. M. Moyer
Mr. H. Bennett	Mr. S. H. Morrison
Mr. F. Bovington	Sir Francis Pigott
Dr. & Mrs. B. W. Brown	Mr. J. Robt. toon
Mr. Cooker	Miss G. Sachs
Mr. & Mrs. F. M. Crawford	Miss K. Sachs
Mr. & Mrs. D. E. Donnelly	Mr. A. L. Shields
Mr. & Mrs. G. E. Harvey	Mr. R. D. Stewart
Dr. Hobson	Mr. P. W. Wadcock
Mr. H. Hoffman	Mr. B. Webb
Mr. H. Koch	Mr. Whyte
Mr. & Mrs. P. Lammert	Mr. and Mrs. E. A. M.
Mr. & Mrs. A. C. Logan	Williams
Mr. J. F. Macgregor	Mr. J. W. Wilson

SINGON & Co.

IRON, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and Foundry Coke Importers, General Storekeepers and Shipchandlers. Nos. 35 & 37, ELDER LORNE STREET (2nd St. west of Central Market). Telephone No. 515.

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(Formerly of the Imperial Chinese Customs Service. Author of "The Mystic 'Flowery Land' etc.")

THE VOLUME which consists of 146 Pages, and includes a Sketch Plan of historical interest showing the disposition of the Forces at the battle of Kweilin, is dedicated to Sir ROBERT HART, G.C.M.G., and Dr. A. REYNOLDS.

Its description of Chinese Social Customs and Superstitions, combined with the insight it gives into political conditions in China, makes "CHILDREN OF FAR CATHAY" an excellent volume for presentation to friends at home. Well bound in Yellow Cloth with Chinese Emblem in Gold.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

BENJAMIN, British str., 1952, Wm. Hestie, 26th May—Kauai 20th May. Coal—Gibbs, Livingston & Co.
 DEVAHA, British str., 4785, H. Powell, 26th May—Shanghai 23rd May, Mails and General—P. & O. S. N. Co.
 HAIMUN, British str., 641, J. W. Evans, 26th May—Swatow 25th May, General—Douglas, Lapraik & Co.
 ICHANG, British str., 1234, R. Lewis, 25th May—Chokeo via Wanchow 20th May, General—Butterfield & Swire.
 KAIFONG, British str., 987, Sidford, 26th May—Manila 23rd May, General—Butterfield & Swire.
 SORU MARU, Japanese str., 1119, K. Suka, 26th May—Swatow 25th May, General—Onaka Shosen Kaisha.
 SURUGA, British str., 2720, H. S. Post, 25th May—New York 29th March and Singapore 19th May, General—Dodwell & Co.

CLEARANCES.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE.
 26th May.

Haimun, German str., for Kuda.
 Clara Johnson, German str., for Hongkong.
 Haimun, British str., for Europe, &c.
 Haimun, British str., for Amoy.
 St. Albans, British str., for Australia.
 Samkang, British str., for Haiphong.
 Tjipmas, Dutch str., for Batavia.
 Wingeang, British str., for Manila.

DEPARTURES.

26th May.
 AMIGO, German str., for Hailow.
 BENJAMIN, British str., for Nagasaki.
 CHINA, Australian str., for Singapore.
 DELHI, British str., for Shanghai.
 KURICHOW, British str., for Canton.
 SEKTA, German str., for Swatow.
 TUKINI, Dutch str., for Yokohama.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

The British str. Kaifong reports: Moderate S.W. winds and fine weather.
 The British str. Suruga reports: Moderate weather with much rain on approaching Hongkong.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.
 Per Kaifong from Manila, Mrand Mrs Canol, Miss Bayless and Mr Pindell.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.
 The P. M. S. S. Co. str. *Syberia* is due to arrive at Hongkong on the 27th inst., between 6 and 8 a.m.
 The P. M. S. S. Co. str. *China* sailed from San Francisco on the 10th inst. for Hongkong, via Honolulu, Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki and Shanghai, and is due to arrive at Hongkong on the 16th prox.
 The P. M. S. S. Co. str. *Manchuria* sailed from San Francisco on the 16th inst. for Hongkong, via Honolulu, Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki and Manila, and is due to arrive at Hongkong on the 16th prox.

THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.
 The I.C.M. str. *Coblenz* left Yon on the 22nd inst., at 7 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 30th inst.
 The E. & A. str. *Aldenhurst* left Sydney on the 15th inst., for this port (via Queensland Ports, Timor and Manila).
 The N.Y.K. str. *Nikko Maru* (Australian Line) left Sydney for this port via ports on the 17th inst., and is expected here on the 5th prox.
 The E. & A. str. *Eastern* left Sydney on the 24th inst. for Hongkong, via Queensland Ports, Port Darwin, Timor and Manila.

THE CANADIAN MAIL.
 The C.P.R. Co. str. *Empress of China* arrived at Yokohama at 7 a.m. on the 25th inst., and left again at 1 p.m. same day for Kobe, where she is due to arrive at noon on the 26th inst.

THE GERMAN MAIL.
 The I.G.M. str. *Prinz Eitel Friedrich* carrying the German Mails with date from Berlin of the 3rd inst., left Singapore on the 26th inst., at 3 a.m., and may be expected here on or about the 30th inst., at 10 a.m.

THE INDIAN MAIL.
 The Indo-China str. *Armenia* for this port on the 23rd inst., and is due here on the 29th inst.

MERCHANT STEAMERS.
 The H. A. Line str. *Bayern* left Shanghai on the 25th inst. p.m., and may be expected here today a.m.
 The Philippines Co. str. *Rubi* left Manila on the 24th inst., and is due here to-day at daylight.
 The Mogul Line str. *Pathan* left United Kingdom on the 12th March for Hongkong via Straits.

The Mogul Line str. *Sikh* left United Kingdom on the 6th inst. for Hongkong via the Straits.
 The T.K.K. str. *Hongkong Maru* left Yokohama for Hongkong on the 19th inst., via Kobe and Moji, and is due to arrive at this port on the 1st prox.

The O.S.K. str. *Seattle Maru* left Tacoma for Hongkong, via Japan and Manila on the 29th ult., and is due here on or about 8th prox.
 The Old Wick & Co. str. *Nippon* left Port Said on the 19th inst., and is expected here on the 15th prox.

The str. *Lenagan* left London on the 28th ultimo, and is therefore due here on or about the 18th prox.
 The T.K.K. str. *Kiyo Maru* left Valparaiso on the 11th inst. for Hongkong.

STEAMERS PASSED THE CANAL.

April 21st—*Armenia*, Canton, Kosang, St. Poona.
 25th—*Sogo Maru*, Christian, Nobe.
 26th—*Suruga*, Tonkin, May 2nd—*Nephar*, Denbighshire, Nobe.
 5th—*Nubia*, Siam, Achille, Buffalo.
 9th—*Benvortich*, Harpaga, Siam.
 12th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 13th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 14th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 15th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 16th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 17th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 18th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 19th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 20th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 21st—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 22nd—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 23rd—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 24th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 25th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 26th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 27th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 28th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 29th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.
 30th—*Ernest Simons*, Gaze, Jersey, Arcadia.

ARRIVALS AT HOME.

May 19th—*Armenia*, Kisti, Onfa, Proussan, Salsome.

VESSELS ADVERTISED AS LOADING.

To ascertain the anchorage of any Vessels, the Harbour has been divided into Four Sections commencing from Green Island. Vessels anchoring nearest Kowloon are marked "k," nearest Hongkong "h," midway between Hongkong and Kowloon "m," and those vessels berthed at the Kowloon Wharf "k.w." together with the number denoting the section.

DESTINATION.	VESSEL'S NAME.	FLAG & REG.	BERTH.	CAPTAIN.	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO.	TO BE DESPATCHED.
1. From Green Island to the Harbour Master's.	2. From Harbour Master's to Blake Pier.	3. From Blake Pier to Naval Yard.	4. From Naval Yard to East Point.			
LONDON &c. via Usual Ports of Call.	DEVANHA	Brit. str.	—	H. Powell	P. & O. S. N. Co.	To-day, at Noon.
LONDON & ANTWERP	SUNATRA	Brit. str.	—	W. B. Le Mare	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 31st inst., at 11 A.M.
LONDON & ANTWERP	MONMOUTHSHIRE	Brit. str.	—	G. E. Warner	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.	About 3rd June.
LONDON & ANTWERP	NILE	Brit. str.	—	E. F. Dally, R.N.R.	P. & O. S. N. Co.	On 5th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	ARCADIA	Ger. str.	k. w.	Schwinghammer	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 25th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	STHONIA	Ger. str.	k. w.	Kotze	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 9th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	PRELUS	Ger. str.	k. w.	Diedrichsen	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	To-day.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	BAVERN	Ger. str.	k. w.	Brehmer	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 7th June, at D'light.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KAGA MARU	Jap. str.	—	M. Hayano	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 14th June, a.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KAWACHI MARU	Jap. str.	—	H. Petersen	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 21st June, at D'light.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	ATSUTA MARU	Jap. str.	—	Wm. Thompson	NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA	On 23rd June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	SCANDIA	Ger. str.	k. w.	Knaiss	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 31st inst., at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	BUELOW	Ger. str.	k. w.	H. Fornes	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 2nd June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	VANDALIA	Brit. str.	1 m.	Meissner	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 10th June, at 6 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	EMPEROR OF INDIA	Brit. str.	2 m.	W. Davison	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 28th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	MONTEAGLE	Brit. str.	—	S. Tomlinson	HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE	On 30th inst., 11 A.M.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	PANAMA MARU	Jap. str.	—	K. Noda	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	On 13th June, at 11 A.M.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	SEATTLE MARU	Jap. str.	—	G. B. McGill	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	On 18th July, at 4 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	INARA MARU	Jap. str.	—	H. S. Smith	CANADIAN PACIFIC R. Co.	On 6th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	TAMBA MARU	Jap. str.	—	Christen Smith	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	To-morrow, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. Nigao	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 2nd June, at 1 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	L. Klugkist	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 16th June, at 1 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	M. Yagi	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	To-day.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	T. Mural	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 20th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	H. Hinokuma	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 9th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	H. Koops	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 17th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	V. McOlynott-Liddell	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 7th July, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	E. Robertson	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 8th June, at 11 A.M.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Wm. Lloyd Jones	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 7th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	F. Wholer	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 8th June, at 11 A.M.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	T. A. Mitchell	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 7th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	E. Malchow	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 17th June, at 1 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	F. J. Fox	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	Quick despatch.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Peter	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 29th inst., at 4 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. Teramaka	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 5th June, at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	S. Barham	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 30th inst., at 4 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	C. D. Goldsmith, R.N.R.	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	To-day, at midday.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Porzius	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 29th inst., at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	V. Zwart	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	About 31st inst.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. W. Pickard	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	About 1st June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. S. Beach	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 4th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. W. Evans	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 7th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	W. C. Passmore	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	About 8th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	A. E. Hodgins	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	About 15th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	H. Mathias	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 15th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	T. H. Lishman	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 19th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Sidford	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	Quick despatch.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	M. C. Smith	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 10th June, at 4 p.m.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	F. Semblil	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 27th inst., at 9 A.M.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	T. Sato	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 30th inst.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Bradley	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	On 31st inst., at Noon.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	Ph. Obensauer	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	About 7th June.
ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG	KUMERIC	Brit. str.	—	J. B. v. Damme Jellib	PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co.	Quick despatch.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S
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"EMPRESS LINE."

Between China, Japan and Europe via Canada and the United States, calling at Hongkong, Shanghai, Nagasaki (through the Inland Sea of Japan) Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria and Vancouver B.C. The only Line that maintains a Regular Schedule Service of 12 DAYS YOKOHAMA TO VANCOUVER, 21 DAYS HONGKONG TO VANCOUVER SAVING 5 TO 7 DAYS' OCEAN TRAVEL.

From Hongkong.	From Quebec.
"EMPRESS OF CHINA" Sat., 10th June	"ALLAN LINE" FRIDAY, 7th July
"MONTEAGLE" Wed., 21st June	"EMPRESS OF IRELAND" Fri., 28th July
"EMPRESS OF INDIA" Sat., 1st July	"ALLAN LINE" FRIDAY, 18th Aug.
"EMPRESS OF JAPAN" Sat., 22nd July	"EMPRESS OF BRITAIN" Fri., 8th Sept.
"EMPRESS OF CHINA" Sat., 12th Aug.	"ALLAN LINE" FRIDAY, 29th Sept.
"EMPRESS OF INDIA" Sat., 2nd Sept.	

"Empress" Steamships leave HONGKONG at 6 P.M. at 12 NOON.

THE Quickest route to CANADA, UNITED STATES AND EUROPE, sailing at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI (through the INLAND SEA OF JAPAN) KOBE, YOKOHAMA and VICTORIA, B.C. Connecting at VANCOUVER with a Special Mail Express, and at QUEBEC with the Company's New Palatial "EMPRESS" Steamships, 14,500 tons register, thus providing a comfortable and speedy through route to Europe.

All Steamers of the Company's Pacific and Atlantic Fleets are equipped with the Marconi Wireless apparatus. 1st Class via Canadian Atlantic Ports or New York \$71.10 Hongkong to London, 1st Class " 243 " 245.

1st and 2nd Class Railway " 243 " 245.
 First Class rate to London includes cost of Meals and Berth in Sleeping Car while crossing the American Continent by Canadian Pacific direct Line.
 R.M.S. "MONTEAGLE" carries Intermediate Passengers only, at Intermediate rates affording superior accommodation for all points and AROUND THE WORLD.

Passengers Booked through to all points and AROUND THE WORLD. SPECIAL THROUGH RATES (First Class only) granted to Missionaries, Members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services and to European Officials in the Service of China and Japan Governments. Full particulars of application from Agents, For further information, Maps, Routes, Handbooks, Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to D. W. CRADDOCK, General Traffic Agent for China, Corner Pedder Street and Praya, opposite Blake Pier.

EST ASIATIQUE FRANCAIS
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES, AGENTS.TRIPS TO TONKIN.
S.S. "SI-KIANG," Capt. E. de Catalano.

MAIL LINE BETWEEN HONGKONG AND HAIPHONG
 (VIA KWANG CHOW WANG).
 Fortnightly Service in 53 hours, under French Government Contract.

Leaves Hongkong on WEDNESDAY, at 9 A.M.
 Arrives Haiphong on FRIDAY, at 2 P.M.
 1ST AND 2ND CLASSES ON BOARD.

For Passages and Freight, apply to P. THOMAS M.M. Co.'s AGENT.

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD. BREMEN
IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL
LINES.

FOR	TONS	TO SAIL.
KOBE AND YOKOHAMA	6,750	About 30th May.
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERES, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP & BREMEN	16,900	Wed., 31st May, at Noon
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAU, KOBE, YOKOHAMA	16,000	About 31st May.
JESSELTON, KUDAT and SANDAKAN	5,050	Saturday, 27th May, at 9 A.M.
SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, SUEZ, PORT SAID, GENOA, ALGIERES, GIBRALTAR, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and HAMBURG	16,000	About 7th June.
MANILA, YAP, MARONN, SAMAR, NEWGUINIA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	6,750	Saturday, 17th June, at D'light

All the Steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic. New System of Telephones.
 For Further Particulars, apply to
 NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, MELBOURNE & CO., GENERAL AGENTS HONGKONG AND CHINA.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1911.

PHILIPPINES S.S. CO.

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
RUBI	4000	S. Crosby	Manila, Cebu & Iloilo	On 30th May, 4 p.m.
ZAFIRO	4000	M. C. Smith	Manila, Cebu & Iloilo	On 10th June, 4 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN, TOMES & Co., General Managers, PHILIPPINES S.S. Co. (15)
 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1911.

PORTLAND & ASIATIC S.S. CO.
IN CONNECTION WITH
OREGON-WASHINGTON RAILROAD
AND NAVIGATION CO.

FOR PORTLAND VIA MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.
 (WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT HONOLULU AND SAN FRANCISCO.)

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	TO SAIL
"HENRIK IBSEN"	4,578	Christen Smith	On 20th June, NOON.
"HEBULES"	3,789	Rudin Wilhelmsen	On 30th June, NOON.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Pacific Coast Points and all Eastern Canadian and United States Points. For through rates of Freight and further information, communicate with or apply to
 FRED J. HALTON, AGENT.
 KING'S BUILDING, (Opposite Blake Pier).

VESSELS ON THE BERTH

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND LONDON

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR SAVANNA, PERMAN, GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

"DEVANHA,"
 Captain H. Powell, carrying H. Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for Bombay, TO-DAY, the 27th May, 1911, at Noon, taking passengers and Cargo for the above ports in connection with the Company's s.s. "CHINA," 7,900 tons, from Colombo, passengers' accommodation in which vessel is secured before departure from Hongkong.
 Silk and Valuables, all cargo for Franco, Tea and Cargo for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into the mail steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London, other cargo for London, &c., will be conveyed via Bombay by the S.S. "CALEDONIA," due in London on the 9th July, 1911.
 Parcels will be received at this Office until 4 p.m. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.
 For further particulars, apply to
 E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.
 Hongkong, 15th May, 1911.

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS, LTD.

FOR LONDON AND ANTWERP.

THE Steamship

"MONMOUTHSHIRE,"
 Captain G. E. Warner, will be despatched as above about 3rd June.
 For Freight or Passage, apply to
 JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd., Agents.
 Hongkong, 17th May, 1911. [719]

Cutler, Palmer & Co.'s



SPECIAL BLEND WHISKY.
 SHIPPERS
 Cutler, Palmer & Co., London.
 AGENTS
 SIEMSEN & CO., HONGKONG.

HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.

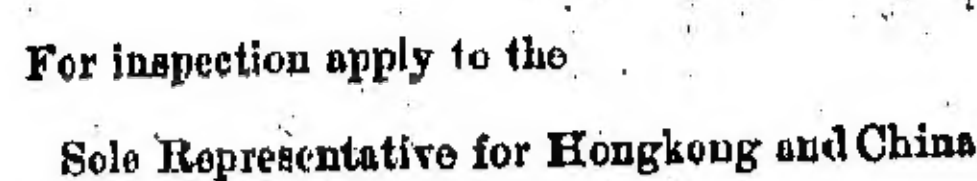
From May 27th to June 2nd, 1911.

Days of Week.	Days of Month.	HIGH WATER.		LOW WATER.	
		H'kong Mean Time.	Height.	H'kong Mean Time.	Height.
Sat.	27	h. 7 58	7 0	h. 1 47	2 1
Sun.	28	h. 9 10	5 0	h. 3 6	0 8
Mon.	29	h. 10 9	4 7	h. 3 53	0 3
Tues.	30	h. 11 14	4 4	h. 4 40	0 1
Wed.	31	h. 12 4	4 1	h. 5 28	0 0
Thurs.	1	h. 1 39	4 0	h. 6 24	0 2
Fri.	2	h. 3 4	4 0	h. 7 26	0 5
		0 22	6 8	h. 8 33	0 8

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, May 25th.

Hongkong Observatory			
	Previous Day at 4 p.m.	On Date at 10 a.m.	On Date at 4 p.m.
Barometer	29.71	29.94	29.78
Temperature	82	77	76
Humidity	82	54	90
Wind Direction	South	SW	W
Force	1	1	0
Weather	c	c	c
Rain			1.4



Sole Representative for Hongkong and China:
HUGO C. A. FROMM,
HONGKONG, 4, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS. TEL. No. 960.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

The *P. E. Frederick*, with the German Mail of the 3rd inst., left Singapore on Friday, the 26th inst., at 8 a.m., and may be expected here on or about Tuesday, the 30th inst., at 10 a.m.

SHARE LIST.—QUOTATIONS. HONGKONG, MAY 26TH, 1911.

IT DOES NOT, although its initial cost is more,
PROVE AS EXPENSIVE AS AN ORDINARY
CARBON LAMP, for it lasts FOUR times as
long, and consumes one-quarter the current
ALL THE TIME.

IT DOES NOT require any special installing;
being in a position on any lighting
circuit and fits existing lampholders.

THE OSRAM LAMP DOES NOT
BLACKEN.

IT DOES NOT GET HOT. The OSRAM Lamp,
although giving four times the light of a
carbon lamp, does not generate heat to any
extent. This, added to its other advantages,
makes it the ideal Lamp for private houses.

THE HIGH CANDLE-POWER as the Enclosed A.C.
Lamp does not take as much current as the Enclosed A.C.
Lamp, and is rapidly displacing this latter
form of lighting, being cheaper in first cost
and cheaper to maintain.

SEE THE WORD "OSRAM" (Patent G.E.C.
nothing more) IS ON EVERY BULB.

ON SALE AT-
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.
KWAN TIE, Queen's Road Central.
CHEONG TIE, Queen's Road Central.
MAN YUEN, Queen's Road East.
NAM HING LOONG, Queen's Road Central.
MUTUAL STORES, Queen's Road Central.
HONGKONG CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY,
11, Caine Road.

HONGKONG.

NORMAN KEMP for the Concerned at 10A Den.